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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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SIEGFRIED LINE CONSIDERABLY PENETRATED

Heavy Fighting Near Leopold Canal: Allied Gains In Aachen Sector

SHAEF, (Sunday): The American First Army, battering its way forward north of Aachen, has made a considerable penetration of the prepared defences of the Siegfried Line in that area, says Reuter's special correspondent. The situation here obviously has great possibilities, though it is probably too early to say that there has been a major break-through in the popular meaning of the term.

CONSIDERABLE OPPOSITION OVERCOME

The maximum depth of the penetration since the attack started is only two or three miles, and SHAEF is cautiously making no claim to have completely broken through the Siegfried Line. At the same time considerable opposition has already been overcome, and the advance is continuing.

HAIL OF ENEMY FIRE

From Reuter's Special Correspondent with Canadians on Leopold Canal (Sunday):

Canadian troops in a battered bridgehead in the South Scheldt pocket are today holding on grimly under a hail of mortar bombs and machine-gun fire from well-prepared German positions. Last night the Germans sent patrols right through the bridgehead and over the Canal into Canadian positions on the other side.

HEAVY FIGHTING NEAR LEOPOLD CANAL

SHAEF, October 8.

Gen. Eisenhower's communique today states: "Allied troops moving towards the southern bank of the Scheldt estuary from our bridgehead over the Leopold Canal are engaged in heavy fighting.

North of Antwerp, further progress has been made towards the roads leading to the island of Walcheren where the sea dykes at Flushing were attacked yesterday without loss, by a strong force of escorted heavy bombers. North of Nijmegen, we have freed the village of Halberen. Fighting continues in the area of Opheusdes.

In the Aachen sector, our troops have captured Beggendorf and Basweiler, east and south-east of Ubach. The forces, which advanced to the outskirts of Alsdorf, encountered decreasing resistance and lessening artillery fire. On the northern fringe of this advance we occupied Waldenrath. Good progress in the Forest of Hurtgen has taken our troops to within less than two miles of the village of Hurtgen.

In Luxembourg we have cleared the enemy from Echternach and Wormeldingen.

North of Metz our troops have entered Mezieres les Metz. Heavy fighting continues in Fort Driant where we hold the north-west and south-west corners of the fort.

ALLIED SETBACK NORTH-WEST OF EPINAL

In the Vosges foothills, our troops captured two villages, but lost ground to a strong enemy counter-attack north-east of Epinal. Further south the newly won positions in the Le Thillot area were consolidated and numerous counter-attacks repulsed.

More than 1400 heavy bombers hit synthetic oil plants at Tolitz, Ruhland, Magdeburg, Bohlen, Merseburg, Lutzkendorf; tank plants at Magdeburg and Kassel.

Thirty-three enemy air-craft were shot down and 16 were destroyed on ground. Fifty-six bombers and fifteen fighters are missing."—Reuter.

RUSSIAN PARTISANS ON SIEGFRIED LINE

LONDON, Oct. 3: A brigade of Russian partisan troops were contacted recently, during movements preliminary to a big attack, cables the "News Chronicle" war correspondent from the Siegfried Line. There were nearly 400 of them and their leader, wearing a cap with the Russian hammer and sickle badge, explained to an astonished American officer that they had formed up after escaping from German prison and labour camps. In woods on the German border they had assembled and fought with captured machine-guns, rifles, pistols and grenades for 18 months, living on rations seized from Germans. They appeared to be a fully organised unit even to the point of carrying their own rubber stamps for marking their orders. The band was led by 13 officers including a Czech priest and complete with a Chief of Staff and a Commissar.

No Water In 18 Miles Of Ems-Dortmund Canal!

LONDON, Oct. 7: Another, reconnaissance of the Dortmund-Ems canal has shown that the damage is considerably more than at first thought, said the Air Ministry today. An eighteen-mile stretch from the new aqueduct east of Munster to the junction with the Ems-Weser canal is empty and at least 110 barges are stranded.

1,000 BOMBERS RAID KOROR IN PALAU ISLANDS

LONDON Oct. 8.—The German Overseas News Agency said to-day: "Almost 1,000 enemy bombers attacked Koror, chief of Palau islands, this week-end." This is the first raid of such size ever reported in Palau islands. The figure of "one thousand" was given twice in the German report.—Reuter.

KEMBS DAM BOMBED

LONDON, Oct. 7: The Swiss radio reported tonight that Allied bombers scored a direct hit on the great Kembs dam which lies in Upper Alsace eight miles from the Swiss frontier and holds up water in the Rhone-Rhine canal.

The radio quoting reports from the Swiss-German border said that several attacks were carried out. "By seven o'clock this evening, the water level in the Rhine harbour of Klein Hueningen had dropped by over three feet" the radio added.

LONDON, Oct 7: Fifty-one American heavy bombers and 15 fighters were lost in today's raids it is officially announced.

R.A.F. ATTACK ON DYKES

LONDON, Oct. 7.

Strong force of Lancasters of the Bomber Command with fighter escort this afternoon made another attack on the Dykes protecting Walcheren from the sea.

This time the object was to let in the water from the south to join up with the floods spreading over the western parts of the island after the first attack.

The Dykes on either side of flushing were bombed repeatedly in the face of strong opposition from heavy guns, and waves of "Lancasters" kept up the attack for 40 minutes from a comparatively low level.—Reuter.

HINDU SABHA CONDEMNS 'C. R.' FORMULA

NEW DELHI, Oct. 6: The Working Committee of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha to-day passed a resolution condemning the Rajagopalachari Formula and Gandhiji's scheme "as being destructive of the integrity of India and being detrimental to the interests of the Hindus as well as of the country as a whole" and reaffirming that 'no communal settlement will be binding on the Hindus unless arrived at with the consent of the Hindu Mahasabha."

PLEA FOR UNEQUIVOCAL DECLARATION.

In a second resolution the Committee say:—"In view of the impending termination of hostilities and in view of the war aims proclaimed and embodied in the Four Freedoms as announced by President Roosevelt and the Atlantic Charter and in view of the important part which India will be called upon to play in the maintenance of peace and order in the East and in the world, holding as it does a strategically vital position in the geography of the world, and in view of the fact that thousands of valiant Indians have shed their life blood on the various battle fronts and India had economically bled itself white for the cause of the Allies in fighting Fascism, the Working Committee of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha hereby reaffirms that India is one and indivisible nation and calls upon the United Nations to make an unequivocal declaration recognising the right of India as such a nation.

The 26th session of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha will be held in Bilaspur, C.P.N. towards the end of November.—A. P.

Belgium To Fight By Side Of Allies

LONDON, Oct. 4: Monsieur Pierlot, Belgian Prime Minister, read the declaration of his new Government to the Belgian Chamber on Tuesday. In his speech broadcast from Brussels, he said that Belgium had undertaken to continue the war by the side of the Allies until victory was secured over the common enemies. The Government's military programme therefore was directed towards gradual reconstitution of the army. The negotiations begun in London concerning food supplies, Maritime transport and measures for protection of labour, public health and for cultural agreements, would be continued. In Belgium, Justice would be re-established for incorporating a part of the resistance forces in the reconstituted Belgian army.—Reuter.

Indian Candidate Attorney At Transvaal

DURBAN, Oct. 7.

After negotiating for nine months with the Immigration Office of the Transvaal and the Law Society of Natal, an Indian, Mr. Ismail Meer, was given permission to register his articles as a candidate attorney at Transvaal.

So far it has been easier for Indians to become Articled Clerks in the Transvaal than Natal where the tendency has been to keep the profession a European 'closed shop.' However, there has been notable exceptions in Natal where European attorneys accepted Indians as Articled Clerks.—Reuter.

FATAL TO INDIA'S BEST INTERESTS

Delhi Conference Criticises Country's Partition

NEW DELHI, Oct.:8. A resolution unanimously declaring its unflinching faith in the oneness and integrity of India and placing on record its firm conviction that the partition of India would be fatal to the best interests of the country as a whole and every community of India, was adopted by the All-India Akhand Hindusthan Leaders' Conference today.

The resolution earnestly appealed to all patriotic Indians to resist by all available means any attempts to break the integrity of India as Nation and as State on any ground whatsoever.

Earlier in the day provincial leaders reviewed the position in respective provinces vis-a-vis Pakistan.—United Press.

Need For Ceaseless Battle Against Pakistan Demand Stressed

NEW DELHI, Oct. 8.

Promise of wholehearted Sikh support to Hindus in their fight for the maintenance of Akhand Hindustan was assured by Principal Ganga Singh, a prominent Akali leader, in the course of a speech at the Akhand Hindusthan Conference, at its resumed sitting this morning.

Principal Ganga Singh said that Pakistan was no longer an academic issue but had become a political question of the first magnitude. He thought, that poets and philosophers could not solve the problem: they had to wage a ceaseless fight against it. In that fight he declared Sikhs would stand like a rock behind the Hindus.

AZAD PUNJAB

Explaining the Azad Punjab he said that the Sikhs merely wanted to carve a new province in order to free themselves from the domination of the statutory Muslim majority just as the Muslims had done in the case of Sind.

Mr. V. D. Savarkar explained the object of the Conference and dwelt on its representative character. He made it clear that leaders of all schools of thought had the fullest liberty to place their viewpoints without let or hindrance, but he expected that there would be no difference of opinion on the main resolution.

Master Tara Singh claimed for Sikhs the position of India's "gatekeepers" who would bear the brunt of the coming struggle.

HOMELAND OF SIKHS

He refused to admit that the Punjab was a Muslim Province as the present Punjab included territory conquered by the Sikhs. Again, he added, mere numerical majority was not the sole criterion. This was the land where the Sikh Gurus were born, where their religion was born and where their heroes had died heroic deaths. It was dominated by the Sikhs before the advent of the British.

"WE WILL NOT BE EXILED BY MR. GANDHI"

Master Tara Singh continued: "The Punjab is our province. It is a Sikh Province. We cannot and shall not be exiled by Mr. Gandhi. We shall once more save the Punjab and save India. I have a right to count upon your support. You cannot and shall not refuse it."

DR. NARANG'S OPPOSITION

Dr. Sir Gokul Chand Narang said that Mr. Jinnah could never hope to achieve Pakistan even if he managed to have British support. He, however, thought that Mr. Jinnah did not want Pakistan. He was using this demand to get 50 per cent representation at the Centre. Dr. Gokulchand opposed the demand for a 50 per cent share at the Centre, as it would convert the whole of India into Pakistan.

Mr. N. C. Chatterji said that Pakistan was a jumping-off ground and was in fact the part of a bigger plan. He appealed to the Hindus to join the Mahasabha in larger numbers and to become physically organised and intellectually disciplined.—A. P.

Suicidal Phantasy

NEW DELHI, Oct. 7.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta inaugurating the Akhand Hindustan conference vigorously denounced the conception of Pakistan and declared: "I reject Pakistan as a suicidal phantasy, a reckless, thoughtless monomania, an anachronism, a crude form of isolationism in an age of internationalism. As a Hindu, I reject it; as an Indian I repudiate it; as an Internationalist I repel it. It is against the spirit of the times.

He called for an unrelenting war on four enemies, which he said were British Imperialism, Muslim Fanaticism, Congress wobbling and our own apathy. He asked his hearers to "repudiate the Mahatma".

Lala Narayan Dutt delivered his address as Chairman of the Reception Committee.

Leaders from all provinces attended the conference including Master Tara Singh from the Punjab. His Holiness Shree Shankaracharya of Puri was present and gave his blessings to the conference.

Sir Jogendra Singh, member for Education Health and Lands, and Dr. N. B. Khare, Commonwealth Relations Member, were among those present.—A. P.

NAGINDAS PERFORMS FLAG-HOISTING

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Oct. 7.

A rally of volunteers of the Shanti Sewa Dal was organised by the Indore Congress Committee. Mr. N. T. Master, Mayor of Bombay, who performed the Flag-hoisting ceremony advised the volunteers to work in groups among the peasants, labourers and students. Mr. Master visited the Harijan Colony.

Indian Troops Cross Rubicon

Monte Farneto Captured

Advanced Allied Headquarters, ITALY, Oct. 8.

Today's Allied communique reported that Indian troops north of the Rubicon have crossed the Fumicino and captured Monte Farneto.

NAUPLION SURRENDERS.

Allied Headquarters in the Mediterranean (Sunday).

Today's communique on Allied operations in Greece reported that the Greek port of Nauplion, 30 miles south of Peloponnesus Isthmus has surrendered.

Allied troops are progressing towards the outskirts of Corinth, the chief town at the head of the gulf which separates the isthmus from the Greek mainland.

The text of the communique said: "On the night of October 6th, 7th, H. M. S. "Termagant "met and engaged an enemy force near the entrance to the Gulf of Salonica. One enemy destroyer was sunk and a second was seriously damaged.

ENEMY POSITIONS BOMBARDED

On October 7th, the French cruiser "Emile Bertin' and the United Staets destroyer "Eborle" bombarded enemy vessels near Porto Maurizio. Hit were obtained on a fighting and a large merchant vessel. On October 5, while supporting the army L. C. G. S. bombarded enemy positions on the mainland of Greece north of Corfu. The target was well covered. (LCGS are landing craft which carry guns).

LAND: North of the Rubicon Indian troops of the Eighth Army have crossed river Fiumicino and captured the important town height of Monte Farneto.

In the Central Sector, American, British and South African troops of the Fifth Army continued to advance against very determined enemy resistance. On the west coast American troops have seized two high features Monte Costa and Monte Canala.

AIR: Strong forces of fighter escorted heavy bombers yesterday operated against oil installations, rail-yards and an aerodrome in Austria and Hungary.

ADVANCE ACROSS FIUMICINO

From Abdul Khalek Qureshi, Special Correspondent of the 'Associated Press' of India in Italy (Sunday).

Eighth Army troops also advanced across the Fiumicino a mile north-west of Borghi.

The weather worsened on the Fifth Army front with deep mud, driving rains and mists, but Gen. Clark has now established well-balanced positions on both sides of the Florence—Bologna highway.

East of route 65 the Americans fought their way up the Castel San Pietro nearly a mile to the area of Poggio Del Falchetto, ten miles from the Imola—Bologna lateral highway. This important road is now under Allied shellfire.—Reuter.

ALGIERS CLOSED TO TRAFFIC

Mediterranean Headquarters, October 8: The city of Algiers is now closed to Allied military traffic owing to an outbreak of bubonic plague.

Germans Abandon Corinth

ALLIED HQ. IN THE MEDITERRANEAN, Oct. 7.

German troops have abandoned Corinth where British occupation is imminent.

Corinth is at the inner tip of that name which cuts into southern part of Greece.

KARACHI, Oct. 8.—A devastating fire broke out this morning in the work shop of Messrs. Sant Singh and Sons on the Bunder Road. The fire raged for nearly three hours swallowing away tons of timber and wood. The loss is estimated at Rs. one lakh.—United Press.

400,000 REDS LAUNCH BIG NEW OFFENSIVE?

"Forcing Passes Through Carpathians Into Slovakia"

LONDON, Oct. 8.

The German Overseas News Agency reported at mid-night that the Russians have thrown an army group estimated at 400,000 men in a great new offensive to force passes through the Carpathians from Poland into Slovakia.

The report said: "Thirty Russian divisions, three tank corps, one cavalry corps, one technical corps, and strong Soviet air formations have been flung by the Soviet Command into the battle for Beskiden mountain passes, leading into Slovakia.

To force a break-through the Soviet Command has launched a drive to the south, driving a wedge from Arad area towards the north-west. Violent battles are raging there".

MOSCOW, Oct. 7.

The Russians captured Kuresara Chief Port of the Island of Oesel, says tonight's Soviet Communique.

The 'communique' reads "today on the Island of Oesel our troops continuing the offensive occupied the large town and port of Kuresaara.

In Riga District our troops fought offensive engagements in the course of which they captured the town and railway station of Tibulda and over one hundred other inhabited localities.

NAZIS SUFFER HEAVY LOSSES

West of Shavli, great battles have begun. Battles are going in favour of Soviet troops. The Germans are suffering heavy losses. On the right bank of the River Narev, in the area south of Pulutsk in the last two days, the enemy has been attacking with infantry and large numbers of tanks. The enemy's objective is to wipe out our bridgehead on the right bank of the Narev.

The enemy has been repulsed with heavy losses. On Hungarian territory our troops developing their successful offensive captured two towns and railway junctions, a number of other towns as well as over 300 other inhabited localities including 11 railway stations.

On Yugoslav territory, our troops fought their way into the town and railway junction of Velika Kinda and occupied over 40 other inhabited localities, including five railway stations. On other sectors of the front, there was reconnaissance activity and local fighting at a number of points. Yesterday on all fronts our troops disabled or destroyed 126 enemy tanks. 34 enemy aircraft were brought down in air combat or by anti-aircraft fire."

GERMAN REGIMENTS ROUTED

Hundreds of Germans surrendered when troops on the Leningrad front after a 15-mile advance broke into the town of Kuressara, the capital of Oesel island reported the supplement to Saturday night's Soviet communique. The remainder of the German troops in the town were routed. A mass of war material of all kinds was captured. Over 800 Germans were killed during the day's fighting on Oesel.

The Soviet naval communique states: "Seven German transports two patrol vessels, five fast landing barges and six coastguard cutters have been sunk by air, off the Baltic fleet, in the bay of the Island of Oesel."

RAID ON MEMEL

The air 'communique' says "Soviet long-range aircraft during the night of October 6 made a raid on the Port of Memel.

Fate Of Two Capitals In Balance

(MOSCW SPECIAL DESPATCH)

From Reuter's special correspondent Moscow (Saturday). The fate of two central European Capitals, Belgrade and Budapest, is tonight in the balance.

Red Army forces, massed along the Danube banks east and north-east of Belgrade, are attacking the German positions at the immediate approaches to the Capital.

Red Army motorcyclists are thrusting towards Budapest across the Hungarian plains to open up a road for the Russians following the twin Soviet invasion of Hungary 24 hours ago.

In Yugoslavia new big battles are being fought for railway lines and junctions which only a few days ago were the Germans' main bases and centres for their supply routes.

In Hungary the Red Army is at one point less than one-hundred miles from Budapest. —Reuter.

BIG BATTLES NORTH OF WARSAW

MOSCOW, Oct. 8.

Large-scale battles are raging today east of Memel and north of Warsaw. On the west bank of the Narew the Red Army has gained ground, while the thin end of the wedge has been driven into the Germans' elaborate defence scheme at Warsaw.

GERMAN LINE IN LITHUANIA BREACHED

LONDON, Oct. 7.

The German News Agency's military commentator, Colonel Ernst Von Hammer, tonight said that deep breaches have been made in the German line at several points in Lithuania near the east Prussian border and still farther north.

"Several Soviet tank armies and about 15 rifle divisions, supported by other motorised formations and battle planes are carrying the offensive forward", he added.—Reuter.

Tito's Forces Reach Hungarian Border

LONDON, Oct. 8.

The Free Yugoslav radio tonight broadcast a communique from Marshal Tito's headquarters stating that Tito's forces in Slavonia have reached the Hungarian frontier in a stretch of 18 miles.

The frontier was reached after Patriots had captured the rail junction of Virovitica 140 miles south-west of Budapest in a fierce two-day battle. The 'communique' also said German garrisons in Doinji Milanovac and Zajecar, in East Serbia, are completely encircled and are being annihilated.

In the Leskovac Nish sector, Tito's units made strong attacks from the east and the south.—Reuter.

THE SHOLAPUR SPG. & WVG. CO., LTD.

Shareholders' Association

We have been requested to publish the following letter:—

Several shareholders of the above Mills have formed themselves into an Association to protect their rights and interests in the Company. For the present they have taken up the following items for immediate action:—

(1) To split up the present share of Rs. 1,000 denomination into 20 shares of Rs. 50 each.

(2) To get three independent directors, possessing substantial number of shares appointed to look after the interests of the shareholders.

(3) To arrange to get cloth for the shareholders at lower rates.

Movement is already set on foot to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders to achieve the above-named objects. Shareholders are therefore requested to give their hearty co-operation by giving their proxies to persons appointed by the Committee of the Association

NAGARDAS MANORDAS,
MARKANDRAI S. MEHTA,
Joint Honorary Secretaries.

Share Bazar
Bombay, 8th October, 1944.

P.S.—Shareholders are further requested to join the Association by sending their Annual Subscription of Rs. 5. They are also requested to call at or write to the Secretaries or Sjt. Raidas Jamnadas at their Share Bazar Office, for further inquiry or suggestions in the matter.

WENDELL WILLKIE DEAD

Rival To Roosevelt In Presidential Contest Who Wrote "One World"

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.

The death has occurred of Wendell Willkie who was suffering from Streptococcal infection.

DIED IN HIS SLEEP

Wendell Willkie late yesterday was placed in oxygen tent as an 'additional therapeutic measure'. He had acute cardiac condition as the result of his streptococcic infection affecting heart muscles. His condition was described as critical. Death occurred at 2-20 this morning, the cause of the death being given as "coronary thrombosis".

Willkie, who was Republican candidate for the United States Presidency in the 1940 presidential election, had been in hospital for the past month. When his condition became critical last night, his wife was called for and she was at his bedside when he died. Willkie died in his sleep after a third heart attack, the last of which was at 02.00.

RIVAL TO ROOSEVELT

LONDON, October 8: Wendell Lewis Willkie, whose death was announced today, leapt into limelight in the presidential elections four years ago when his selection as Republican candidate came as a big surprise. He had never taken any part in party politics and was regarded with some suspicion by party bosses. Willkie's grandparents had fled to Germany after the failure of the Liberal revolution in 1848.

HIS PHILOSOPHY

Law and justice, freedom and the rights of the 'small man' were the creed on which the philosophy of his life was based. He was born in Elwood, Indiana, in February 1892. His father made a modest fortune, but lost it in the crash of 1893; so the son had to work his way through the Indiana University. He became a lawyer (as his wife was and his mother had been), fought in World War. One as Captain in the American Field Artillery in France and afterwards practised in Akron, Ohio.

In 1933 he became head of the Commonwealth Corporation Public Utility Company and amalgamated it with others, but he was never a conventional "big business" man or a mere tool of financial dictators.

PRESIDENTIAL CONTEST AND AFTER

In the 1940 election campaign he was whole-heartedly in sympathy with the British cause and went even further than President Roosevelt at that stage in urging all possible help —short of America's going to war— to Britain. In the summer of 1942 he toured the Near East and Russia as President Roosevelt's special representative to tell the truth about what America is doing to win the war". In Moscow he met Marshal Stalin and M. Molotov. In the same year he visited China where he conferred with Generalissimo Chiang-Kai-Shek.—Reuter.

Mr. Willkie, at the time, was reported eager to visit India; but he could not. The British Government did not like the idea.

"One World"

The sequel to Mr. Willkie's tours was his remarkable little book, "One World" which was for some time held back from the Indian market. The book created a sensation and, perhaps, some discomfort in official quarters. This is what he wrote about India in his book 'One World."

"Many men and women I have talked with from Africa to Alaska asked me the question which has almost become a symbol all through Asia: What about India? Now I did not go to India. I do not propose to discuss that tangled question. But it has one aspect, in the East, which I should report. From Cairo on, it confronted me at every turn. The wisest man in China said to me: "When the aspiration of India for freedom was put aside to some future date, it was not Great Britain that suffered in public esteem in the Far East. It was the United States."

Mr. Willkie's name was put up for the American Presidential contest by a section of the Republican party; but Mr. Thomas Dewey had the better of him. Since then Mr. Willkie had shed all party affiliations and declared himself free to propagate his views unaffected by party policies and politics.

JAP WITHDRAWAL ON INDO-ARAKAN BORDER

No Change In Sangu Valley: Operations Against Tiddim Continue: Air Attack On 250 Mile Stretch

KANDY, Oct. 8.

Today's S.E.A.C. 'communique' said:

"Japanese reconnaissance elements estimated at more than 400 men who have been active around our positions on the Indo-Arakanese border north of Taung Bazzar are now withdrawing.

No change is reported from Sangu Valley where West African troops remain in close contact with the enemy.

ments estimated at more than

Operations against Tiddim continue with Japanese defences under a heavy air attack.

Widespread attacks have been made by Allied aircraft during the past 48 hours on bridges, oil dumps, rollingstock and supply areas on all the Burma fronts and as far south as Bangkok. One Allied aircraft is missing. One enemy aircraft was destroyed.

CHINDWIN FRONT, Oct. 8: Overlooked by the Japs when they withdrew hurriedly after their defeat on this front, Sepoy Mohant Singh, whose home is in Birpu, Jammu State Kashmir, is free once more after six months in captivity. By a remarkable coincidence it was his own brother who found him, writes an observer with the Fourteenth Army.

BURMA FRONT (Delayed): Bridges, locomotives and railway lines were damaged in a series of dawn and dusk attacks by R. A. F. Liberators flying at extremely low level in day light last Friday over a 250 mile stretch of the Bangkok-Chiengmai Railway line, says a Press Note issued from Headquarters of S. E. Asia Air Command.

They dived through clouds, reconnoitred portions of the track and then attacked, with bombs and machine guns, rolling stock on this supply route to the north east Burma Front. It was the first time that heavy bombers of the Strategic Air Force, Eastern Air Command, had been used in this form of attack.—A. P.

Jap Cabinet Confers With Industrial And Financial Leaders

LONDON, Oct. 8.

The Japanese News Agency said today that the Japanese Premier last night called in the industrial and financial leaders of Japan for a conference with the Cabinet. "They exchanged frank views on economic and industrial problems facing Japan," the News Agency declared.

HISTORY REPEATS

If WARDEN'S past is an index to its future, another great company is in the making.

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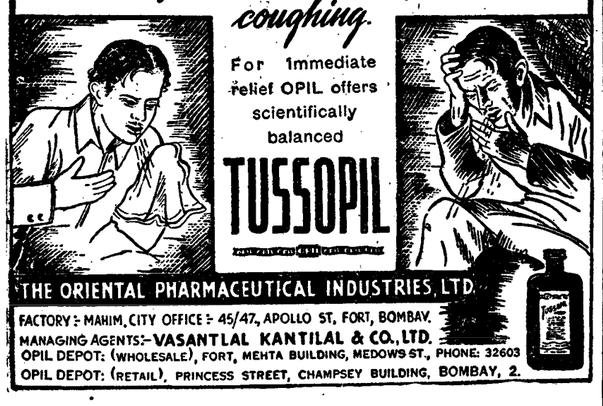

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EPIC OF KOHIMA

KOHIMA
...You had never heard of it. It was far away, hidden some five thousand feet up in the hills of Assam. But suddenly, towards the end of April and in May, the name was in the headlines. Kohima was a front page story for weeks.

TOJO'S MEN had crossed the Chindwin. Slowly, stealthily, they had reached the slopes of Mt. Japvo and the Naga Hills. They took the few ridges and hills around Kohima. The Nagas had been driven out of their villages. Their houses were burnt, their huts were razed to the ground, their pigs, poultry and crops looted and plundered. "INVASION OF INDIA" the Japanese called it.

Events moved rapidly. You remember the names: the Jail Hill, the GPT Ridge, FSD Ridge, the Pimple and lastly the D.C.'s Bungalow. It was a bitter battle.

BUT OUR MEN, GREATLY OUTNUMBERED, NOT ONLY HELD OFF THE ATTACK, BUT ULTIMATELY SMASHED THE FOE AND WON A GREAT VICTORY.

This was the epic of Kohima. Here our men proved that...

"WE CAN BEAT THE JAPS and WE ARE BEATING THEM BACK"

AAA 1306

ISSUED BY THE NATIONAL WAR FRONT

Art-In-Industry

A Movement Deserving Nation Wide Support

The following are extracts from a talk on "Art-in-Industry Movement" broadcast by Mr. S. A. Brelvi from the Bombay Station of the All India Radio on Friday.

The Art in Industry movement is only seemingly a new movement in India. For, from the earliest times not only, have Art and Industry formed part of the life of the people but have themselves never been divorced from each other. Since the introduction of large-scale industry, however, a change has been brought about in the attitude of the public as well as the industrialists in regard to the relation of Art to Industry. Profit and the cheapness are the main objectives of industry from the points of view of the industrialist and the consumer respectively, whether in India or in the rest of the world. It is seldom seriously considered that the things produced should be beautiful, that they should be a joy for ever to the workers who produce them and also to the people who buy them and should stimulate their desire for ever more more beautiful things and beautiful ways of living. The wrong notion about the relation of art to industry will prevail so long as it is not realized that Art must permeate influence and inspire all our activities as civilized men and women. It was Ruskin who said that life without industry was guilt and industry without art was brutality. What Ruskin said had been, to a very large extent, the characteristic feature of the industrial life of India throughout the ages and those who plan for the industrial development of this country can ignore the truth at the peril of destroying all that is best in its industrial and artistic traditions.

ART VITAL PART OF INDUSTRY

The average captain of large-scale industry in India has still to realize that the industry which disregards the principle of beauty must lose ground in competition, however efficient it may be in other respects.

The problem before us is a two-fold one: first, to overcome the indifference of the industrialist to aesthetic values and, second, to educate the consumer in aesthetic appreciation. India is a land of designs and colours which are distinctive of her genius. The communities that are the custodians of the traditional designs are still there, but they badly need encouragement. Until a few years ago those associated with our industries did not recognise Art as a vital industrial interest and there was no movement to coordinate design and industry and organise publicity and education of the consumers on a sound basis. Commercial artists did not receive the necessary encouragement and manufacturers and businessmen were not aware of the artistic talent available and the great help which they could get from Art in beautifying articles of common use. The Art in Industry Exhibition, pioneered by a well-known firm in India was the first attempt to fill this lacuna in the industrial movement in this country. The Exhibition has been definitely a progress force and is bringing to light the art talent of the country and is trying to harness it to Industry for the benefit of both and the public.

Obviously such an exhibition, holding as it does great promise for Indian Art and Industry, must have nation-wide support. It is gratifying to note that its sponsors, who have done admirable pioneering work, have decided to place it on an All-India basis. It is proposed that an Indian Institute of Art-in-Industry should be registered this year. The Institute will take over the control of the Exhibition. Its membership will be open to all those interested in the movement including artists and students. Let us hope the Institute will become a truly national organisation for welding Art and Industry.

HIGH AIMS ....

India is rich and resourceful in designs which are original and distinctive. Let us hope the new movement will not fail to see that the new designs—industrial and commercial are Indian in spirit as well as original and progressive. The movement should also be the rallying centre for the designers, the artistic craftsmen and the cottage workers of India. The Indian Institute of Art in Industry has very high aims of stimulating the production of well and beautifully designed objects of daily use and raising the level of public taste by educating increasing number of people to become appreciators of art. It will be able to realize these aims if it becomes fully representative of the industrial and artistic interests of the country and develops strength to establish training centres and museums. It is the duty of every one interested in the sound development of our industries and the promotion of Art to help this movement. We are living in a machine age and our art must not be divorced from the realities of that age but must form part of and mould these realities so that they bring beauty and joy in the lives of increasing number of men and women.

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NO VIVISECTION ON ANY PRETEXT

Dr. Mookerjee's Call To U. P. Hindu Sabha

GORAKHPUR, Oct. 7.

Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, Working President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, presiding over the United Provinces Hindu Conference, held here today said: "The Hindu Mahasabha resists any scheme of India's partition as a sin and patent untruth which must not admit of any compromise. Other important elements in the National life of the country, including Congressmen, Sikhs and others have already expressed their strong disapproval. The sooner Mr. Jinnah understands that Pakistan in any form or shape will be resisted by Hindus and many others with the last drop of their blood, the better for him, for he will then quietly descent to realities and himself plead for a just and equitable settlement. None but an agent of Imperialism will so block the path of Indian unity and freedom as Mr. Jinnah is doing."

Referring to the failure of the Gandhi-Jinnah talks Dr. Mookerjee said that although the talks had broken down Gandhiji's commitment and the C. R. formula remained and they might well become the starting point in future negotiations with Mr. Jinnah or between the latter and Government.

Concluding Dr. Mookerjee appealed to the Hindus to stand solidly for the unity and freedom of India so that no power on earth could succeed to vivisect their country on any pretext. —A. P.

Davar's Formula For Communal Settlement

CALCUTTA, Oct. 6.

Dr. N. C. Davar, Organiser, United Party of India, arrived in Calcutta to meet the leaders of various communities and political parties to discuss the formula drawn up by him for the communal settlement which he has already forwarded to Gandhiji and Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League.

He met Mr. Fazlul Huq, former Premier, and discussed with him the details of the formula. Mr. Huq appreciated the move taken up by Mr. Davar and joined the United Party by becoming its member. Mr. Huq will release the gist of the formula shortly.

Mr. Davar intends, to see Sir Nazimuddin, Sir N. N. Sircar, Sir A. H. Ghuznavi, Mr. N. R. Sarkar and others.—United Press.

X'ians Want Unofficial R.T.C.

LAHORE, Oct. 7.—The suggestion to call a Round Table Conference of representatives of all important communities in India for solving the constitutional deadlock is made by the Punjab Christians' Association Conference.

The Conference requests Raja Sir Maharaj Singh, President-in-Chief, of the Indian Christian Association, to take such steps as he may consider necessary to convene the proposed non-official Round Table Conference. —A.P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Appearing in an English paper is a description of Bombay by one of those who passed through this city in November, 1940. After reading which our city fathers may wake up and take notice:

"For over a mile as I walked into the city, I was shadowed by beggars, and hawkers and roadside entertainers. Lame and blind men slept on the footpaths, urchins appealed for coin, Indians with scraggy beards and ragged clothes tried to sell me lewd postcards. The smell was awful. There was dust everywhere. The pavement was dotted with huge red patches where the Indians had spat out their filthy betel-nut juice and I began to feel sick. So this was the East—which I had chosen to make my home."

* * *

The gentler sex was a little embarrassed as it walked to the cloakroom of the Taj yesterday evening. Outside a room almost opposite appeared the notice, written on a serviette, which was hardly the sort of notice that should be allowed to hang outside any room of the premier hotel of the East. The notice read: "Lonely femmes welcome". Femmes mean "women", just in case you don't speak that language.

* * *

A friend who read about my idea for the revised slogan for Firestone's (in view of Mr. Jinnah's theory of two nations) writes to say: "Let us wait and hope that the present one can still stand." It is a beautiful thought. And I feel tempted to reveal the identity of the man who said this.

* * *

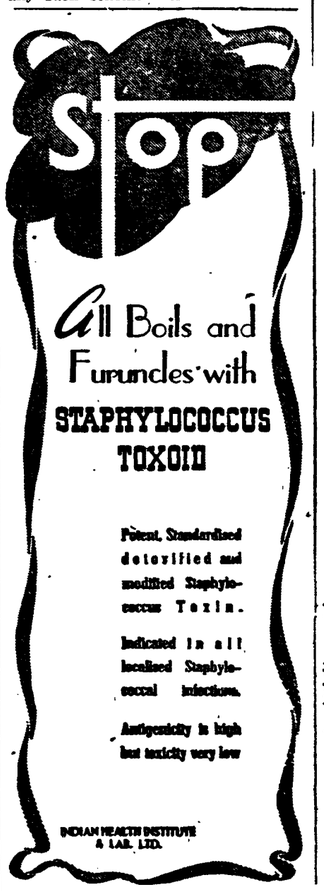
Back in town, or as the expression goes "Back in circulation" is Mr. Eli Guetta. The idea of my making this announcement is for the benefit of those intending to organise shows for charity and wanting an expert to run their show!

No Vivisection Of India

LAHORE, Oct. 7.

An appeal to Indians to present a united front to the scheme of vivisection of India is made by Baba Khark Singh, the veteran Sikh leader, in a message to the President of the Akhand Hindustan Conference.

He says: "I wish your efforts in the cause of Akhand Hindustan every success. No individual however great he may be, is greater than India, and whosoever demands or supports vivisection of the motherland consciously or unconsciously plays into the hands of the enemies of India's freedom. Freedom with vivisection is a farce, and I appeal to the whole of nationalist India to present an united front against any such scheme."—A. P.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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Asoe Vad 8, 2000
Muslim: Savval 20, 1363
Parsi: Ardibehest 6, 1314
Sunrise: 7-31 am, Sunset 7-21 p.m.
Hightide: 6-25, 18-14
Lowtide: 13-13, 24-28

To-day's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Special Jurors attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column

THE MARWADI SAMMELAN: The 27th Annual Prize Distribution Ceremony of Sitaram Podar Balika Vidyalaya will be held today (Monday) under the presidentship of Shrimati Subrata devi Ramnarain Ruia in Raja Bahadur Sir Bansilal Pittie Hall, at Panaswadi.

"ILLUSTRIOUS MEN OF ISLAM"

The Muslim Students' Union has arranged a series of lectures on the "Illustrious Men of Islam."

(1) Quaed-e-Azam Jinnah—A Politician.
(2) Moulana Mohammed Ali—A Leader.
(3) Quaed-e-Millat Mohammed Bahadur Khan,—A Missionary.
(4) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan—An Educationalist.
(5) Sir Shah Mohammed Sulaiman—A Jurist.
(6) Allama Iqbal—A Poet-philosopher. Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, President, Bombay Provincial Muslim League, will be speaking on "Mr. Jinnah—A Politician" today (Monday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Anjuman-e-Islam Hall, Hornby Road. Eminent Scholars will be speaking on the other subjects.

MAZDAZNAN YOUTH MOVEMENT: Junior youth will speak on "Improvements I would propose as to the Education of Youth" at Mazdaznan Temple Hall, Opp. Churchgate Station today (Monday) 6-15 p.m.

CHILDREN'S LIBRARY IN BOMBAY:—A Holiday Library for Children will be opened at Wilson College, Chowpatty today (Monday), and will remain open every day (except Sundays) from 8-11 a.m., and from 3-30 to 6-30 p.m., from 9th October to the 28th October. Books in English, Hindi, Urdu, Marathi and Gujerati will be available for children between the ages of six and sixteen. Public assistance in the form of gifts or loans of books will be gratefully received at B.P.W. Council Office, the Town Hall, Bombay.

Divali Exhibition Sale

An Exhibition-Sale has been organized by the Exhibition Society of Bombay during the ensuing Divali Festivals at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, from 13th to 21st inst. The entrance to the general public is free.

The objects of this Exhibition-Sale are twofold viz. to give publicity and encourage sales of local manufactured goods and to afford opportunity to the general public to buy fresh and reliable articles at cheap rates from one place only.

Stalls are offered to all manufacturers, traders industrial institutions who prepare or deal in daily household articles. Stalls to the Orphanages and charitable institutions are offered free, which can be secured from the Exhibition Society's office at the Central Bank Building (3rd floor, Lift No. 4), Fort. Tel. No. 27154.

SCHOOLBOY'S CENTURY IN BOTH INNINGS

In the 3rd round of the Harris Shield Cricket Tournament played between Ram Mohan School No. 1 and the Robert Money School during the week, the following were the scores:

Robert Money School: 1st Innings—183 runs, Dandekar S. M. 102 runs. 2nd Innings—186 for 7 (declared). Dandekar S M. 110 runs not out.

Ram Mohan English School: 1st innings 116 runs.

The Robert Money School won the match by 67 runs on the 1st innings.

Dandekar's century in each innings equals the feat achieved by Vijaya Merchant when he played in the Harris Shield in 1926 from the Bharda New High School against the Wilson High School.

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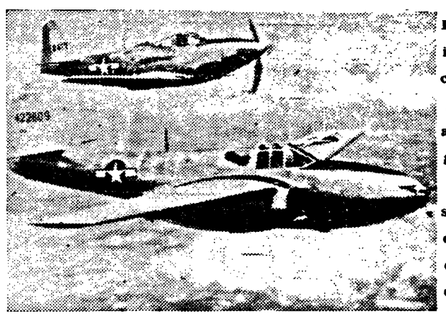

In the foreground is the P-59A Airacomet, first U. S. jet-propeiled plane, and in the background the P-63 Kingcobra, successor to the cannon-carrying P-39 Airacobra. USOWI Radiophoto.

Rovers Cup

R.A.F. AVENGE PREVIOUS DEFEATS BY E.H.Q.

The Royal Air Force avenged their previous defeats at the hands of the Embarkation Headquarters on Sunday evening when they scored a well-deserved victory over the latter by three goals to one in the quarter-finals of the Rovers Cup.

A large crowd was present at the Cooperage to witness the trial of strength between these old rivals and they were treated to some thrilling football. The airmen who had fielded their new set of players, played much better than they had done on the last occasion that is the final of the Hinrichs Shield. In fact their shooting department showed marked improvement. Were it not for the splendid goal-keeping of Duncan their custodian, the Embarkation would have gone down by a bigger margin than the scores actually registered.

R.A.F. ON TOP

The Airmen dominated the show from the very start and were two goals up before 15 minutes had elapsed. Smailes, their left extreme drew first blood which was augmented by Gueran, their centre-forward. Then there was a veritable tug-of-war between the contending parties. Towle, the E.H.Q. pivot, had a hard job indeed to hold the invaders at bay. Stocks and Delaney in the deep defence were repeatedly called upon to intercept and clear away the onrushing hordes time and again. His vis-a-vis, Tail, on the other hand guarded the gates to his citadel in a quiet and confident manner, on account of which the Embarkation quintette did not find easy entrance to the opposing goal.

GARDNER REDUCES MARGIN

With two goals lead in the first half, the Airmen appeared to have slackened a bit in the latter period. The Embarkation forwards did not allow the opportunity to slip away from their fingers. Gardner, their outside right, crowned their efforts with success by scoring a fine goal. Stung by the reverse, the Airmen rose to the occasion again. But they did not find it easy to penetrate the last line of defence. The E.H.Q. forwards were not holding a watching brief either. They also made repeated incursions into the enemy territory and worried the R.A.F. defence frequently. But their shooting left much to be desired. Walker, left all doubts at rest by scoring the third goal of his side a little before the final whistle. The R.A.F. will now meet the W.I.A.A. in the penultimate round on Tuesday next.

RESULT

R. A. F.	3 goals.
E. H. Q.	1 goal.

THE TEAMS

ROYAL AIR FORCE:—Everan, Gray and Wright; Wilson, Tait and Cuthbertson; McLean Pinxton, Gueran, Cuthbertson and Smailes.

EMBARKATION H.Q.:—Duncan; Stocks and Delaney; Thomson, Towle and McMillan; Gardner, Walker, Beswick, Livingstone and Saunders.

Referee: S. C. Ghosh.

TO-DAY'S GAME

6-15 p.m. Italian Transport Coy. vs. South Indians.

BATSMEN SHINE AT STADIUM

A splendid unbeaten double century by R. S. Cooper was the feature of Sunday's game at the Brabourne Stadium in the match between the Parsi Gymkhana and the C.C.I. which began on Saturday, Sunday proved to be a day for batsmen and tall scores were hoisted by several players on both the sides. Next to Cooper, M Mistry made a praiseworthy effort resulting in an unbeaten contribution of 111. The Parsi Gymkhana declared with 408 for nine wickets.

The Cricket Club made a promising beginning with V. Raiji and M. I. Merchant who scored 95 and 50 respectively. Vijay Merchant retired with 57 and S. Pandit made 50. The C.C.I. made 334 with seven wickets down, the match thus ending in a draw.

PARSI GYMKHANA

N. H. Colah 48, K. K. Tarapore 10, M. Mistry retired 111, R. S. Cooper not out 208, S. H. M. Colah 11, K. R. Meherhomji run out 4, H. M. Printer 6, M. Engineer 0, P. M. Kateli 1, P. M. Dhondy 10, M. K. Limji did not bat, Extras 9, Total (for 9 wickets) 418.

C. M. Rana took four wickets for 131.

C. C. I.

V. N. Raiji 95, M. I. Merchant 50, J. A. Dadyseth 14, J. S. Lawyer 21, S. Pandit 50, V. Merchant retired 57, K. Sanjana not out 15, K. Jobanputra 12, H. N. Kanga not out 4, C. M. Rana and C. H. Chandarana did not bat, Extras 16, Total (for 7 wickets) 334.

Sind Pentangular

MUSLIMS BEAT PARSIS; MEET EUROPEANS IN FINAL

KARACHI, Oct. 8.—The Muslims entered the final of the Sind Pentangular Cricket Tournament, defeating the Parsis on the first innings by 54 runs. They now meet the Europeans.

The closing scores were Muslims 169 and 244 for two, Parsis 115 and 125 for two.—A. P.

TODAY ON RADIO

MONDAY, Oct. 9.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8-0 a.m. Rahmat Khan 8-5 News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 Ramnath B. Mathkar 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 To-morrow 9-15 Mumtaz Begam 9-30 G. M. Londhe 9-45 Sarangi.

12-30 p.m. Classical Hits 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 For Women (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music. 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Vijay Karandikar 5-20 Sardar Mansur 5-40 Rajani Joshi 6-55 Local Announcements 6-0 At Six (G) 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 News Commentary (M) 6-50 AIR Trio 7-0 With Britain at War (G) 7-15 Vijay Karandikar 7-35 Rajani Joshi 7-45 Music from Film 8-0 Sardar Munsur 8-15 In News 8-20 Music 8-25 News (M) 8-35 News (G) 8-45 "The Future of India—The choice before the States"—A Review of Prof. Coupland's book by A G Mulgaonkar. 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-45 Foundations of Freedom (4) (from B B. C.) 10-5 Mumtas Begam 10-20 Sitar 10-30 Songs (M) 10-45 Ramnath B. Mathkar.

BOMBAY—2.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—8-5 a.m. Instrumental Variety 8-50 Bhajan 9-0 Violin. 48.73 m. (6,150 kc/s)—6-0 p.m. Vijay Karandikar 6-20 Sardar Mansur. 89.15 m. (3,365 kc/s)—7-30 p.m. Commercial News 7-42 Music 7-45 Rural Listeners 8-25 Ramanath B. Mathkar 9-0 AIR Orchestra 9-20 Mumtas Begam 9-35 Brahmanand Selection 10-5 K Athleen Seth 10-15 Arthur D'Silva 11 Close down.

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"What are the prizes?" The prizes are by series of 1 lakh pieces. For each series of Rs. 100 Bonds participating in a draw, 1st Prize Rs. 50,000, two 2nd Prizes of Rs. 20,000 each and two 3rd Prizes of Rs. 5,000 each. Total prize money, Rs. 1,00,000 for each drawing. For Rs. 10 Bonds, 1st Prize Rs. 2,500, two 2nd Prizes of Rs. 1,250 each, five 3rd Prizes of Rs. 500 each and ten 4th Prizes of Rs. 250 each. Total prize money Rs. 10,000 for each series.

"Once a Bond has won a prize I suppose it is withdrawn from all future draws?" Certainly not. Every Bond whether it has won a prize or not is included in all draws until 15th January 1949 and so can, if you are lucky, win more than one prize for you.

"Are prizes subject to a tax?" No. They are free of Income Tax, Super Tax, Excess Profits Tax or Corporation Tax.

"Where are prizes paid?" See question two. Prizes are paid at all the above mentioned offices and at Sub-treasuries also.

"Are Prize Bonds repayable?" Yes, at par on or after 15th January 1949. That is, you get absolute security for your money AND the chance to win one or more large cash Prizes.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
Prize Bonds
ISSUED BY FINANCE DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
AAA 965

LATE MR. BHAGUBHAI MAFATLAL

I most sincerely thank all my friends, relations, firms, associations and others, who, by telegrams, letters and personally gave their condolences to me and other members of my family on the sad and untimely demise of my beloved brother Bhagubhai.

NAVINCHANDRA MAFATLAL.

Look for

the Government price stamp on cotton cloth. If the cloth is not stamped ask the dealer to show you the price schedule. The following examples show controlled prices for certain popular varieties, which will give you an idea of the sort of prices you should pay.

Leopard Cloth 37" Rs. 19|4 per piece of 38 yards.

Bleached Drill 27½" Rs. 28|8 per piece of 40 yards.

Bordered Dhoti bleached and mercerised 50" x 8 yards Rs. 8-9-0 per pair.

Longcloth full weight 36" Rs. 18-9-0 per piece of 37½ yards.

Plain bleached mercerised striped Shirting 30" Rs. 22-14-0 per piece of 24 yards.

CONTROL

Issued by the Department of Industries & Civil Supplies, New Delhi.

AAA 1377

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Great occasions do not make heroes or cowards—they simply unveil them to the eyes of men.

—Bishop Westcott

The Bombay Chronicle

FLOUTING JUSTICE

A few days ago we commented upon a case of police highhandedness in which the Sessions Judge of Belgaum himself felt constrained to remark about some serious allegations against the local police: "Those allegations are very serious indeed, and, if true, are calculated to undermine the confidence of the public in officers whose duty it is to be the jealous guardians of law and order. In particular, the allegations of the gross abuse of the wide powers of arrest under Rule 129 of the D. I. Rules for stifling criticism in the Press . . . deserve very serious notice and a thorough inquiry". A lawyer correspondent of Kanara writes to us to say that what is disclosed by the Belgaum judgment generally holds true with regard to his district also. Indeed, police highhandedness is an old story in India and is in evidence in almost every part of the country. And the Defence of India Rules give police officials an unparalleled opportunity to harass the people. The pity of it is that far too often the police is encouraged by the higher authorities. In a recent case reported from the Central Provinces two judges of the Nagpur High Court felt it necessary to remark; "In the present case issues of facts were raised. The good faith of the police and of the Provincial Government were expressly challenged, and facts were set out which, if unrebutted and unexplained, were sufficient to support the allegations. An affidavit, therefore, was necessary and should have been filed from the start. In fact it is the complete absence of any refutation of these facts and the failure to explain them that leads us to conclude that the orders in these two cases were not made in good faith and that they are a fraud on the Defence of India Act and its Rules."

It appears from the report of the case that Mr. P. Y. Deshpande, an Advocate of the Nagpur High Court and also the Editor of the Marathi weekly, "Bhavitavya" was arrested and detained under D. I. R. 129 without being told what was the charge against him. It was alleged against the police that the Rule was used only as a cloak to interrogate the prisoner in respect of a dacoity in Bombay Presidency. Their Lordships, too, come to the same conclusion and with regard to the powers of the police or the Provincial Government they say: "They cannot call in all their powers of detention and in the guise of exercising those powers conduct a secret investigation into a crime. If they have information that these detenus have committed crimes or offences, they are not bound to investigate into them. They can rest content with detaining them under Rule 26 or 129 provided the matter falls within the ambit of those Rules.' But if they want an investigation they must proceed in accordance with the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code. If they do otherwise it is a fraud upon the Act and their action is not taken in good faith. They cannot make the best of both worlds." Not only was Mr. Deshpande detained unlawfully but he was also long denied an interview with his legal advisers. Different excuses were given at different times for disallowing an interview. Their Lordships describe as "deplorable" the urging of "some fresh obstruction at every stage" and bitterly remark:

"And all this was done to deprive a man of a little legal advice so that he might defend his liberty. All done in the name of public safety and the efficient prosecution of the war. Is the realm really in such desperate straits? Are the war efforts really hampered or endangered? We have certainly seen no evidence of it, nor do we believe that can be possible. We have a more robust faith in the might of Allied arms. But if it does, or is likely to, then why not frankly and openly take away these rights and liberties by legislation? That is done elsewhere, particularly in countries with which we are at war. Why not here?

So long, their Lordships conclude, as "remnants of liberty are still left to the subjects, we cannot allow this court to be made a mockery and its proceedings a farce." This is scathing condemnation, indeed, but such mockery of justice is now common all over India. Only a few cases come to light and fewer still are adequately condemned by courts. But from the lips of almost every Indian one hears the words: "I accuse."

Churchill's Blind-spot

Mr. Winston Churchill has had many biographers but they do scant justice to his relations with India, presumably because he has said and done several things about India which are ill calculated to enhance his reputation for statesmanship. That gap is now appreciably filled by Mr. N. G. Jog in his "Churchill's Blind-spot: India" (New Book Company, Bombay; pages 244; price Rs. 5). Mr. Jog is already well known for his "Will War Come To India?" and "Onions and Opinions." His present book is a penetrating analysis of Mr. Churchill's career in relation to India and reveals how Mr. Churchill developed his blindspot fifty years ago when he came to India as a subaltern, how even later India played a large part in his public life and how in all his striking vicissitudes he has remained as unchanging towards this country as an old fossil. With a wealth of detail culled from various sources, not easily accessible, Mr. Jog shows how Mr. Churchill has consistently stood as an enemy of India's freedom and with what bitterness he led the diehard opposition to the 1935 Act. The two chapters on the miserable show Mr. Churchill made before the Joint Select Committee on Indian Constitutional Reform make extremely interesting reading. Indeed, a notable feature of the book is the masterful manner in which the author, through apt quotations, makes Mr. Churchill condemn himself out of his own mouth.

A large part of the book is naturally devoted to Mr. Churchill's four and a half years' trusteeship of India since he became Prime Minister and to his efforts to fulfil his own imprecation that "Gandhism and all it stands for will, sooner or later, have to be grappled with and finally crushed." His handling of the Indian problem, says Mr. Jog, only reveals "the projection of his pet prejudices and the application of all his drastic remedies prescribed by him earlier." Mr. Amery, according to the author, is only the alibi and advocate of Mr. Churchill as far as India is concerned and "the Wavell Plan is only the Churchill Deal in action" "more of a fulfilment than a promise". The two chapters on the Cripps mission show how caustically critical the author can be, and the chapter on Gandhi and Churchill is, indeed, a brilliant piece of writing. Altogether, the book, written in sparkling style, is not only an incisive analysis of Mr. Churchill's career, but also a running commentary on the recent history of India. It deserves to be read by every serious student of current Indian politics.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Release Them

Commenting on Saturday on Mr. Amery's refusal to release the members of the Congress Working Committee, we pointed out that there was no justification for their continued detention in view of Gandhiji's repudiation of the movement of violence in the country and his statement that his authority to start mass civil disobedience had lapsed and that he would not, in the present circumstances, start it even if he had the authority as he did not wish to embarrass the Government. Apart from this, Government must consider the effect which their continued incarceration has on the health of the leaders. The interview which Dr. Syed Mahmud, who has just been released from Ahmednagar Fort, has given to the Press gives us some idea of this effect. Of the President of the Congress, Dr. Mahmud says that, though free from any trouble at present, he gets slight temperature occasionally and has lost about 42 lbs. in weight. Pundit Jawaharlal has lost 14 lbs. Dr. Mahmud reminds us how Pundit Jawaharlal has always been proud of his health and how he used to feel annoyed if anybody said he was unwell and significantly adds that this may not continue for long. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel had a recurrence of his old intestinal trouble and used to get occasional attacks of pain and that whenever an attack occurred he fasted till he got well, though his usual diet consisted of only fruit juice and boiled vegetables. The frail Dr. P. C. Ghose, whose weight was only 102 lbs. when he was arrested, has lost 6 lbs. The information given by Dr. Mahmud whose health also was considerably damaged will cause no little anxiety to his fellow-countrymen.

Disappointing Inactivity

Mr. A. V. Alexander, the First Lord of the Admiralty, states that the Royal Navy already has a mighty fleet gathered in the Indian Ocean, that "this is an enormous undertaking of movement and supply which probably has never been equalled in the history of the Royal Navy" and that it is "going ahead rapidly and mightily." One is prepared to applaud the fact to which Mr. Alexander refers. But it has been in the process of achievement for quite a long time now. And in view of the fact that Admiral Sommerville, Mr. Churchill and Mr. Alexander have between them confirmed the actual build-up of "a mighty fleet", one cannot but feel disappointed over the inactivity of this "mighty fleet." So far it has done no more than carry out a few essentially long distance air raids on Sumatra. We should have thought that the mighty fleet would by now have begun to justify itself as the Americans did in South-West Pacific long ago.

Admirable Principles

Another admirably "international" pronouncement has been made by Britain's Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden. It deserves to be quoted: "Nations can no longer go their own way and seek to be masters of their own destinies regardless of their neighbours' fortune. Neutrality has become a delusion and immediate frontiers offer no defence. An international authority would be needed with sufficient armed strength to enable it to enforce its decrees in a world not yet ready to accept control by international law." All this is very admirable. But are the healthy principles of internationalism to be applied to the advantage of only a few nations, the big ones, or of all? How do they apply, for instance, to those nations who have the misfortune of an Imperial power seeking to be master of their destinies? What status are they to have in International law or is "international law" to continue to accept the division of the world into free and bond?

Lull Before Storm

The Moscow Radio, speaking of the comparative quiet on Germany's various fronts promises that "this is a lull before the terrible storm which will break out along the whole front." There are already signs of its breaking out. The Russians having more or less disposed of Hitler's Baltic Army as a menace to the flank, are reported to have started a pincer drive from the north and south on East Prussia. On their southern front they are now threatening both Belgrade and Budapest. This is even a bigger danger than the drive on East Prussia which the Germans had made some hurried preparations to defend and where the terrain suits the defence. But from the south, the routes of the Russian march lead to Austria and to the rear of large forces in Italy and Yugoslavia. The Germans are confronted with a serious invasion of the Reich from the East.

The Air Front

Nor is that all. General Eisenhower's operations have not been stopped by the Germans. Their recent efforts to pierce the Siegfried Line have slowed down the offensive, but already there are signs that before long Eisenhower may achieve a clean and complete break-through in at least one region. More immediately terrible for the Germans is the launching of the sky offensive on a tremendous scale. The other day, as many as five thousand Allied bombers and fighters hammered a number of important targets with eight thousand tons of bombs. If this marks, as we hope, the regular opening of Air Front it may yield very important results very soon. Moscow Radio's prediction may yet come true that "the whirlwind of the coming offensive will sweep away the German defences and lead to a complete rout of the Hitlerite armed forces."

Dr. Mahmud's Appeal

Dr. Syed Mahmud's appeal on behalf of his cholera-stricken province of Behar, from which, even according to official estimates, a grievous toll of over three lakhs of deaths has already been taken by the fell epidemic, must go home to every feeling heart in the country and especially in Bombay City. As gratefully recalled by Dr. Syed Mahmud, Bombay had rushed to the succour of the province when it was devastated by the earth-quake of 1934. The loss of life and the accompanying sufferings of the population have been no less extensive on the present occasion. The high prices and deterioration in the quality of the foodstuffs have intensified the plight of the stricken people. Dr. Syed Mahmud has appealed for help in the shape of both money and medicine and all those who feel for their unfortunate compatriots of Behar should lose no time in contributing generously to the relief fund already started in Patna.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Some people are too good to be interesting.

*

It's pretty hard to be good-natured and dishonest at the same time.

*

The farmer can give you spades —even if he has no cards to hand out.

*

If a man is satisfied with one meal a day he can afford to write poetry.

*

And lots of people who think that they have nothing but trouble don't know what trouble really is.

*

If there is one thing more annoying than another it is to have the man sitting directly behind you at the opera hum all the airs.

London Firemen Welcome Dange

LONDON, Oct. 7: Delegates at the annual conference of Fire Brigades Union in London to-day welcomed Mr. Dange, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress.

In a brief address Mr. Dange conveyed the greetings of Indian workers. The Government of India, he said, was a bureaucracy and did not represent the working class. In spite of all difficulties, an organised industrial working class movement had grown and 12 per cent of the total working class was organised in Trade Unions. This they regarded as an achievement. He appealed for the help of British workers in their demand for a change in Government and a National Government that would meet the national aspiration of the working class.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT LOSES 42 LBS. IN WEIGHT

Nation's Leaders' Health In Prison

Dr. Syed Mahmud, Member of the Congress Working Committee, in reply to a question from press representatives about the health of his colleagues in detention at Ahmednagar said that the Congress President, Moulana Abul Kalam Azad had lost about 42 lbs. since August 9, 1942, while Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru had lost 14 lbs. Pandit Nehru was quite proud of his health and he felt annoyed at suggestions of a breakdown in his health. Dr. Mahmud said that this might not continue for long.

Sardar Patel had a recurrence of his old intestinal trouble. He used to get occasional attacks of pain. Whenever an attack occurred, Sardar Patel, whose usual diet consists of only fruit juice and boiled vegetables, fasted altogether, till he got over his attack.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya started getting sugar last year. Since then he had been very careful about his diet. Dr. Profulla Ghose had kept very well for the first twenty months. But recently he had lost 6 lbs. in weight. He was, however, a frail man weighing only 102 lbs at the time of his arrest. Dr. Syed Mahmud and Pandit Nehru were sharing one room, while the rest had independent quarters situated in one block. They all spent their time in reading and some of them in writing.

BEHAR IN GRIP OF DEVASTATING CHOLERA

Dr. Syed Mahmud's Appeal To Bombay For Generous Help In Medicine And Money

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Dr. Syed Mahmud, member of the Congress Working Committee, has issued the following appeal:—

"Just about ten years after the unfortunate earthquake the province of Behar is once more in the grip of a terrible calamity. Earthquake devastated the province in 1934. Now in 1944 cholera epidemic is devastating her again. According to the official figures, from January to July 1944 more than two lakhs have died. Non-official enquiries place the figures at much above it. It is an unnecessary controversy. Even the figure of two lakhs in three districts of North Behar within a few months is enough to give shock to a sympathetic mind. It is simply alarming.

POSSIBILITY OF MISTAKE

I cannot believe that the Behar Government has knowingly and deliberately suppressed the correct figures. But the Government's source of information in that province is the village chowkidar and that illiterate functionary—I trust I am using the word illiterate wrongly as I hope the government has made them all literate by this time—is not generally very accurate in his report. Besides he considers that his official reputation will suffer in the eye of his immediate superior the sub-inspector, if he does show that the situation was something more than normal in his jurisdiction. Here is a possibility of mistake on the official side. I do not know the present Governor but I know that the Behar officials—English and Indians alike—must be sympathetic. The Commissioner of Tirhut Mr. Senaptic, is an energetic official I do not know who the present District Magistrates of the affected areas of Muzaffarpur, Champaran, and Durbhanga are, but I hope they must be, wherever they are, fully conscious of their responsibilities to the poor suffering peasants.

IN GREAT TROUBLE

Whatever it is, Behar is at present in great trouble. The peasantry of Behar is particularly poverty-stricken. They never get more than one meal a day. This was the condition for generations past upto the time of the outbreak of the world war. It will be worse now. It is wrong to suppose that owing to the abnormal rise in the prices of food stuffs, the peasantry of Behar must be in a flourishing condition. It can be true of those peasants who have a cultivation of at least ten bigas. They cannot get enough to eat, much less to save for the market. Besides, the prices of cloth and other commodities are so high that it counterbalances the little which they can save and send to the market even in the case of tenants with large holdings.

APPEAL FOR FUNDS

The present case in Behar is clearly a case of starvation, people having lost all power of resistance. Behar gratefully remembers the spontaneous and generous help which the country and especially Bombay gave to Behar earthquake relief. Marvari and Memon relief organisations worked wonderfully efficiently and well. The people of Bombay are well-known for their generosity and charity throughout the country. However unpleasant sometimes it may become, the poor will only go to generous men. Bombay is my favourite place. I have lived and worked in the palmy days of 1920-21 in this city. I have a large number of friends in Bombay. All these facts embolden me to take the liberty and make an appeal to the country generally and Bombay particularly, to help Behar and send her contributions of medicine and money to the General Secretary, Behar Relief Committee, Patna. I am glad to learn that different political and social organisations of Behar are jointly fighting the epidemic and making a united effort to give all possible aid to the people of Behar.

DETENTION OF OTHER LEADERS LOOKS RIDICULOUS

London Indian Reactions To Syed Mahmud's Release

LONDON, Oct. 8.

News of the unconditional release of Dr. Syed Mahmud has greatly pleased the Indian political circles in London.

Mr. Suratali a prominent member of Swaraj House said to the United Press of India: "Our organisation feels very happy at the unconditional release of Dr. Syed Mahmud. When I first read news of the release in the "Daily Herald" stating that it was rumoured that he was released on holding out the promise that he would not take part in Mahatma Gandhi's movement, I was rather disappointed. A message from the United Press of India that the release is unconditional has set at rest our anxiety."

Mr. Krishna Menon of the India League said: "Dr. Mahmud is a big man in the Muslim world. His release makes the detention of other members of the Working Committee look ridiculous. If they are not released the Indian public is bound to draw the only conclusion that Government are guided by a policy of vindictiveness and they prefer the deadlock to continue.

"The release of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and others of the Working Committee will greatly help Mahatma Gandhi to end the communal deadlock. Will Government take immediate steps for the release of the members of the Working Committee?"—United Press.

SCOTLAND FOR FREE INDIA

Popular Support To Mahatma Demonstrated In Jayanti Celebrations

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, Oct. 7.

No Indian can claim to have travelled so extensively and studied so much about Britain's industrial life as Mr. S. A. Dange has done ever since he arrived in Britain. Only yesterday he returned from a most useful tour of Scotland within the next two or three days he is again going northwards to study coal-mining and other industrial aspects of British life.

The news of the breakdown of the Gandhi-Jinnah talks reached him while touring Glasgow. He tells me that people on the Clydeside grieved to hear that the communal deadlock remains unresolved. They join Gandhiji in his prayer that he may soon succeed in convincing Mr. Jinnah to his point of view. Mr. Dange also tells me that all over Scotland there is a firm conviction that India is capable of governing herself and that India must remain united. They are working for such a culmination with the greatest zeal.

This viewpoint finds expression in the resolutions passed at many meetings on the occasion of Gandhiji's birthday, most of the audiences were composed of workers belonging to the Labour, Communist and Commonwealth Parties. Resolutions were passed wishing Gandhiji a long life to "lead India to complete independence."

In London Mr. Dange hopes to meet the Soviet Trade-Union Delegation at present in Britain. He expressed the hope that a similar delegation would visit India; but he was more concerned that direct diplomatic relations between India and the Soviet Union should be established at the earliest possible date. As he put it "only then the Soviet Union will be able to know the true state of affairs in India. We want to be closer with the Soviet Union than we have been in the past."

Mr. Dange stressed the fact that the American public have learnt more about India owing to the presence in India of President Roosevelt's personal representatives, Col Johnson and Mr. William Phillips.

If time permits, Mr. Dange hopes to attend the Blackpool Session of the Trade Union Congress.

Mr. V. B. Karnik and Miss Maniben Kara have left for India.

FAMINE INQUIRY COMMISSION'S MADRAS PROGRAMME

MADRAS, Oct. 8: The Famine Inquiry Commission which arrived here this morning had spent two days at Bijapur hearing evidences of officials and non-officials in regard to the famine conditions in the district last year and the measures that were taken to meet them. The Commission also examined the working of the monopoly purchase and compulsory levy systems now in operation in the district.

The commission also drove 40 miles into the country to see the Bombay Government's contour bunding project which is now being carried out over a large part of this region.

The Commission's visit to Madras includes a tour of Calicut, Cochin, Travancore and Bezwada.—A. P.

Khan Bahadur Khuhro Still In Detention

KARACHI, Oct. 8.

All persons arrested in connection with harbouring Daresh, accused in the Allahbux Murder Case, were let off, except the Khuhro brothers, Khan Bahadur Khuhro, former Minister and Muhammed Nawaz, Vice-President, Larkana District Local Board.

Muhammed Nawaz was produced before the District Magistrate, Sukkur, who remanded him to police custody for five days. Both the brothers have been arrested under sections 302, 307 and 120 of the I. P. C.—United Press.

Arab Women's Conference

CAIRO, (By Air Mail): An Arab Women's Conference will be held in Cairo on December 15. Mme. Huda Hanem Sharawi Pasha, Leader of the Egyptian Feminist Movement, who has just returned to Cairo from a tour of Syria, the Lebanon, Palestine and Trans Jordan, said:—"The conference will discuss: (a) The formation of a Feminine Bloc in each Arab country to advise on legislation connected with the protection of mothers and children; (b) Political rights and especially the right of election to parliament; (c) The Palestinian Arab cause.—A. P.

Gandhi Jayanti In Natal

DURBAN, Oct. 7: Mr. Gandhi's birthday was observed by large gatherings of Indians in various centres throughout Natal last week. A large sum of money was raised during the week for the purpose of making gifts of foodstuffs to the poor at the forthcoming Diwali.—Reuter.

PAPER CONTROL ORDER SUPERFLUOUS

Press Owners Urge Exemption Of Printing Presses From Its Operation

A resolution condemning the Paper Control Order of the Government of India as redundant, superfluous and unhelpful for the purpose in view and calling upon the Government to exclude the printing presses from its purview was passed unanimously at the Bombay Province Press Owners' Conference which came off at the premises of the Indian Merchants Chambers, Churchgate, on Sunday. The Conference by another resolution expressed its emphatic opinion that the 70 per cent cut in paper for the civilian population was far too drastic and adversely affected the interests concerned. In view of the improving war situation in Europe and the availability of increased stocks and supply of paper the Conference urged upon the Government the necessity of immediately restoring the working quota to at least 60 per cent.

PLEA FOR HAND-MADE PAPER

One more resolution passed at the Conference aimed at excluding hand-made paper from the operation of the Order. Another requested the Government to allow to the press-owners at least ten per cent more of their normal quota, as that much paper was wasted in taking out proofs and for such other general purposes. A third one prayed for relaxing the restrictions on publishers as regards the number of copies of the Panchang.

ORGANISE ASSOCIATIONS

The Conference, by an important resolution, also recommended to the owners of printing-presses in the Bombay Presidency to organise their local associations for safeguarding their rights and interests.

Lastly, the Conference impressed upon the Government the necessity and desirability of appointing (a) a Provincial Authority to deal with day-to-day matters arising from the working of the Paper Control Order, and for fair and equitable supply and distribution of paper; and (b) a Provincial Advisory Committee on which at least two representatives of the Conference may be nominated to assist the authority in all such work.

Mr. S. R. Sardesai, who presided at the Conference, explained the paper position before and after the passing of the Order, pointed out its manifold defects, and showed how they gave rise to the black market, and referred to the ultimate hardships it had entailed on the pressowner. The cruellest part of the Order was the imposition of 70 per cent cut ordered all round in the total consumption of paper in 1943. Government's choice of that year as basic for enforcing the cut was illogical, and the 70 per cent cut unwarranted.

PUBLISHER'S HANDICAP

Proceeding Mr. Sardesai pointed out that the Order was conglomeration of restrictions on what could be called the printer's customers. The publisher, the most voluminous of these and a gigantic consumer of paper, was circumscribed by the Order in various ways. Various sorts of printing jobs were altogether prohibited. All restrictions on consumers taken together went automatically to make up a formidable set of restrictions on the printer himself.

Concluding the speaker said:—"Government are ordering us to bind ourselves down to drastically cut quotas of paper consumption on the plea of reduced supplies. They have confined us to such famished quantities of paper that we are finding it difficult to make both ends meet. But, would it not be pertinent to ask, what reduction they are imposing upon themselves? If the paper position is bad, it is but equitable that the deficiency should be shared by all consumers, of whom Government are today by far the largest.

WILL GOVT. PRACTISE WHAT THEY PREACH.

But till now there seems to be no sign on their part to make any move in that direction. It is, therefore, up to us, gentlemen, to ask them with all the strength at our command to effect substantial reduction in their consumption too. They ask us to reduce consumption by 70 per cent, and on their own part agree to stick to that figure, but in the opposite direction—not the direction of reduction but the direction of off-take of Indian-made paper. Let us tell them to cut down their off-take, say, to 50 per cent, and release the balance of 60 per cent for the public. It is felt they can manage within that limit; only they must see their way to eliminate the printing of things of doubtful utility like the "Bombay Information" or the thousands of canvassing cards they posted to all the students that appeared at the last Matriculation Examination of the University of Bombay."

Kashmir Muslim Leader On Gandhi-Jinnah Talks

SHRINAGAR, Oct. 6.

Mr. Gulam Abbas, president, Jammu and Kashmir Muslim Conference, in the course of a statement says:—

"Talks at Malabar Hill have proved to be a major calamity for the people of India. Gandhiji's attitude in raising the bogey of pan-Islamism and his insistence on declaring all Indians as belonging to a single and indivisible nation is to be highly regretted. He brought to the talks not the mind of Rajagopalachariar but the spirit of Savarkar. I hope the Muslim apologists of the Congress will now be disillusioned and will realise that unless there is a radical change in the mentality of the Congress all such conferences will be failures. One thing that emerges clear out of these discussions is that nothing short of Pakistan will satisfy the Muslims and that by hindering the Pakistan they will simply be delaying their own freedom.—O.P.

U. S. Oil Interests' Plan

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.

The Deputy Petroleum Administrator Ralph K. Davies disclosed tonight the United States Oil Interests plan to spend nearly 353 million dollars on refining facilities at home and abroad as soon as materials become available.—Reuter.

Bombay Mayor's Appeal To Indore Ruler

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Oct. 7.

An appeal to the Maharaja of Indore to have fully elected municipalities with elected President in state was made this evening by Mr. Nagindas Master, Mayor of Bombay while replying to the civic address presented to him by the Indore City Municipal Council. Mr. Master also regretted seeing elections to the council were not held since 1939.

Mr. Nagindas Master earlier addressed gatherings of women students, Textile Labourers and Kisans.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

It is reliably reported that the purpose of the earlier meeting (of the Portuguese National Assembly) is to declare war on the Japanese who have been occupying the Portuguese part of the island of Timor for the last three years.

The Government-controlled Lisbon Press has published several articles recently saying that the Portuguese people "will be behind the army if any imminent military operations become necessary", and that "our army is ready to defend the honour and integrity of our country."

—Madrid Report.

* * *

"Nations", urges Mr. Anthony Eden, "can no longer go their own way and seek to be masters of their own destinies regardless of their neighbours' fortune."

This does not, of course, include nations like the British which must go the divine way and seek to be masters of other nationals' destinies.

* * *

Late rumour brought, or, as we suspect, deliberately concocted, by the Junior Colleague:—

Interviewed regarding the above International *obiter dictum* of Mr. Anthony Eden, Mr. M. A. Jinnah referred to his letters and subsequent Press Conference and declined to make any further statement.

* * *

"Neutrality", Mr. Eden insists, "has become a delusion and immediate frontiers offer no defence."

We hope the neighbours of Britain and "the Empire" do not worry too much as to the extent of Britain's remote frontiers.

* * *

Speaking on the second Dumbarton Oaks Conference Lord Halifax says "the largest agreement we have reached shows there is no barrier between East and West....."

China had better beware.

* * *

Nahas Pasha has announced that the Preparatory Committee of the Arab Conference "stands by the rights of Arabs in Palestine and the British policy to stop Jewish immigration into the country."

It is hoped that at the next meeting of the Working Committee the Muslim League leadership would graciously condescend to remember Palestine.

* * *

It is announced from Washington that during one recent month as much as 46,000,000 (FORTY-SIX MILLION) pounds weight of military cargo was flown over the "Hump to China."

That works out at a little over two thousand tons, the load of one heavy air raid on Berlin. Need we say more?

* * *

Mr. A. V. Alexander, Britain's First Lord of the Admiralty has revealed that the Royal Navy already had a mighty fleet gathered in the Indian Ocean.

But it is perhaps due to "security reasons" that it hasn't delivered any mighty blow yet.

* * *

Referring to the present situation, Moscow Radio says "this is a lull before the terrible storm which will break out along the whole front."

Unless they are all mighty careful the final calm may prove to be a lull before a more troublesome storm.

* * *

"George! It's not our baby—you've taken the wrong pram!"

"Well—it's a much better pram."

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Watumull Foundation

Mrs. G. J. Watumull, 939, Malcolm Avenue, Los Angeles 24, California (U.S.A.) writes:

The Watumull Foundation's scholarship project is receiving a great many applications from graduate students of Indian universities. The purposes of the Foundation are as follows:

(1) To promote cultural co-operation between India and the United States; (2) To aid in the cause of increasing India's national efficiency.

Most of the applications that are coming in indicate that there is some misunderstanding regarding the filing of these applications, and also the manner in which the selection of the successful candidates will be made. It is to be noted that each applicant must present the following:

(1) A small photograph; (2) A certificate of good health; (3) Testimonials from two professors, public or business men, which must be up to date, if possible; (4) A complete copy of the academic record, which should be on the University stationery or signed by an official of the University attended, if possible. (5) Choice of subject in which graduate work is to be pursued: and (6) Personal letter of application, preferably written in the applicant's own hand. Be sure to state age.

Without all of this material, an application may not receive final consideration. In his letter the applicant must outline his proposed programme of work in the United States and his future plans.

Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Watumull have decided that only the best and most deserving scholars from India shall be awarded these scholarships and the fellowship.

Successful candidates will be informed by air mail possibly even by cablegram, in ample time to arrange for their passage to the United States by the late summer of 1945.

Mrs G J. WATUMULL.
Chairman, Distribution Committee.

Wet Charcoal & Controlled Price

After the beginning of the monsoon, people have been getting wet charcoal. According to experience obtained last year this state of affairs will continue till the end of January '45. By volume, we get only two thirds of what we should have got, had it been dry. We are thus put to a loss of 33 per cent and the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Marketing Society Limited profits by this much extent. The Government should proportionately decrease the price of wet charcoal, so that the public will not be put to a loss, as long as the charcoal continues to be wet.

A. G. DATAR.

Hindus' Protest Rejected

KARACHI, Oct. 8.—The Sind cricket Association has rejected the protest lodged by the Hindus against the award of the first semi-final of the Sind Pentangular Tournament to the Europeans as the result of the spin of a coin. The final will therefore be contested by the Europeans and the Muslims. The match will be played on October 15, 16, 17, and 18.—A. P.

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educated young men with the finest aviation training in the world. Men between 17½ & 28 years of age should take advantage of this opportunity to fly with the I.A.F.

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Application form I.A.F.Z.-2290 is obtainable from any Recruiting Office, General Post Office, Commissioner of Police, Secretary of Provincial Selection Board and Local District Magistrate.

Fly with the I.A.F.

935

Govt. Order On Free Press

Asked To Pay Deposit Of Rs. 6,000 Before Oct. 17

The Government of Bombay have called upon Mr. S. Sadanand to deposit Rs. 6,000 under sub-section 3 of Section 7 of the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act 1931, as keeper of the Journal Press and as Publisher of the "Free Press Journal". According to the Government of Bombay, eight editorials appearing in the "Free Press Journal" between August 1 and August 14, 1944 offend against the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act of 1931.

Mr. Sanand has been ordered to pay the deposit by October 17.

Agarwal Plan

FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF INDIA

WARDHA, Oct. 8.

The United Press learns that the plan for economic development of India prepared by Mr. S. N. Agarwal, Principal of Commerce College Wardha, in accordance with Gandhian ideals has been submitted to Gandhiji for approval.

It is further learnt that the plan is being scrutinized by a few experts on Gandhian Economics including Mr. Kishorilal Mashruwala.

Gandhiji himself is taking keen interest in it.—United Press.

TWO MORE ORDINANCES PROMULGATED

NEW DELHI, Oct. 8.

An Ordinance called Registration (Emegency Powers) Ordinance, 1944 has been promulgated requiring all European British women in India between the ages of 18 and 50 to register themselves.

The object is to discover what war work they are in a position to do so as to help the authorities to offer an opportunity for such work to all women and find the most suitable work for each woman to do.

Another Ordinance called National Service (Technical Personnel) Amendment Ordinance 1944 has been promulgated. It comes into force at once.—United Press.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.

October 22.04 December 21.89 January 21.82 Middling Spot 22.42

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

October 22.12 December 21.94 January 21.86 Middling Spot 21.56

States Must Line Up With Nation

Travancore Dewan Warns Princes: No Exploitation Of Treaties For "Obscurantism Or Reactionary Policy"

BOMBAY, Oct. 8.

The first meeting of the Bombay Branch of the Indian Council of World Affairs was held at Green's Hotel on Friday, when Sir H. P. Mody, the Chairman of the Branch, presided and Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar spoke on the "treaty rights of Indian states."

Sir Homi Mody said that the Branch was fortunate in having Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar as the speaker at its first meeting. Pointing out that it was not the object of the Indian Council of World Affairs to engage in, or allow itself to be used as a vehicle for, political propaganda, Sir Homi said that problems such as those of Colonial systems of Government the growth of population, international trade, social security, and India's place in the political and strategic set-up in South East Asia were problems of enormous importance and had a direct bearing on the destinies of the country.

PUZZLE FOR MODY

Speaking for himself Sir Homi did not know how as many as 600 large and small states could be fitted into the structure of a free India and in what way the question of this existing paramountcy could be settled.

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar commenced by emphasising that speaking generally, Indian states were perfectly willing, and indeed anxious to come into scheme where, along with their autonomy in internal affairs, central authority and central guidance were recognised and implemented.

He repeated the statement definitely made by him in January 1943 that "if any Indian state while asserting its right to internal autonomy, is unresponsive to national tendencies or not working in harmony wth national policy elsewhere in India that state does not deserve to live."

The reason why many Indian states objected to Pakistan and similar schemes was that they had learnt by experience, especially in recent days, that in matters of All-India concern includng customs, tariffs, communications, the procurement and distribution of food and many other matters, it was necessary to have a coordinated plan emanating from a Central authority. In the future constitution of India, it was essential to keep in act such central authority whether that authority inhered in a Federal executive in which Hindus, Muslims and the Princes would have a say or in such other manner as may be devised by the constitution-makers.

"AHEAD OF BRITISH INDIA"

The second point that Sir Ramaswami Aiyar emphasised was that the traditions and progress of some at least of the Indian States placed them far ahead of British India. He instanced and gave details regarding the treatment of the following problems in states like Mysore, Travancore and Cochin: education, road and transport generally, medical relief, pioneering of industries, financial stability and general level of awareness of world events. He also drew attention to the very great advance made in the matter of Public Works and long-term planning adopted by the Hyderabad State.

PLEA FOR STATES MERGER

Sir Ramaswami Aiyar referred to the existence of 601 Indian States, estates and Jagirs out of whom 40 had treaty relations, 30 had legislative bodies, 40 had high courts and 56 had a fixed privy purse. He insisted that in the India of the future it was essential to devise a scheme by which all states which could not stand by themselves, from the administrative, judicial or economic points of view, should be united with other States similarly situated so that by a series of groupings or confederations, the ultimate number of separate state units should not be more than 25 at the most. This has to be done by careful mutual negotiations and a shedding of certain aspects of sovereignty which, in any case, was inevitable in the world even taking note of predominant units like England and America.

The lecturer insisted on a ruthless elimination of all the aspects of Indian rule which evoked easy and obvious criticism and stated that, the Indian States could continue only on the basis of the survival of the fittest.

He voiced his opposition to the manner in which the leaders and the people of British India were willing to erect new States and sovereignties like Pakistan and the Scheduled Kingdom of Dr. Ambedkar while they were impatient of dynasties with millenia of existence.

FROM ALLIANCE TO PARAMOUNTCY

He dealt with the various theories of alliance and subordination and paramountcy which had been evolved after the British rule commenced, and referred to the series of treaties relating to Hyderabad, the Mahratta States the Central Indian States and Travancore which had first proceeded on the basis of Alliance and then by reason of the stationing of subsidiary forces, developed from stage to stage through the "ring-fence" system to the present status of paramountcy and of subordinate alliance. The lecturer, at the same time, pointed out that the States would be committing a mistake if they imagined that their security was complete or perfect if they took their stand on the letter of the treaties and appealed to the princes not to insist on rights deducible from documents which were often vague and susceptible of different interpretations but to base their claims on their past history their present standards and on the spirit of live and let live which had to guide political entities, large and small, in the future.

A WARNING

In other words, treaties and compacts should be regarded as gentlemen's agreements and not as creating a secure haven for obscurantism or reactionary policy.

Various questions were then put to the speaker, who replied to them. The Chairman wound up the proceedings with a few general observations on the address and thanked the speaker. —A P.

No Barrier Between East & West

Lord Halifax On Dumbarton Oaks Conference Agreement

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.

The Dumbarton Oaks Security Conference ended tonight and the Chairmen of the United States, British and Chinese Delegations—Mr. Edward Stettinius, Lord Halifax and Doctor Wellington Koo—declared in a joint statement "our conversations regarding the establishment of a World Security Organisation have now reached a satisfactory conclusion."

The statement added the delegations were now reporting to their Governments which would shortly make a declaration.

HALIFAX ON AGREEMENT

At the Anglo-American Chinese phase of the Dumbarton Oaks Conference Lord Halifax the British Ambassador declared that Britain found herself with a very similar line of approach to that advocated by the Chinese for the establishment of an International Security Organisation. "The large agreement we have reached shows there is no barrier between the East and the West on these questions, which means so much to the future of the world" Lord Halifax said.

The United States' Under-Secretary for State Mr. Edward Stettinius said: "Bonds of friendship and common purpose join us with China and the United Kingdom in the common struggle to defeat the Japanese and the German aggressor."—Reuter.

SIX PERSONS DETAINED FOR INQUIRY

LARKANA, Oct. 7.

Daresh, servant of Khan Bahadur Khuro, has also been brought to Larkana. The police party drove six miles away from Larkana towards the village of Arija.

Mr. G. G. Rav, Inspector-General of police told the press that six persons have been detained for enquiry.—A. P.

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KASHMIR ASSEMBLY SENSATION

Muslim Conference Party Stages Walkout

SRINAGAR (Kashmir), Oct. 7.

The Muslim Conference Party in the State Assembly staged a walk out today when the President, Rai Bahadur Ganga Nath, ruled out of order an adjournment motion of Chaudhri Hamidullah Khan seeking to discuss failure of the Government to take effective steps in a village in Kathua district where the Hindus are said to have adopted hostile attitude towards the Muslims.

The President ruled that the matter was not of recent occurrence and could not form a subject of an adjournment motion.

Earlier, non-official members filled up ballot papers to select a panel of six members for submission to the Maharaja to enable him to select two of them as his Ministers. Ch. Hamidullah Khan, Leader of the Muslim Conference Party, made a statement to the effect that the Working Committee of the Muslim Conference had decided that the reforms sanctioned by the Maharaja fell short of their demand of full responsible Government. Therefore the Muslim Conference members in the Assembly would refrain from voting.

The salary to be drawn by popular Ministers also came under discussion when Lala Shiv Nath Nanda moved a resolution suggesting that popular Ministers should draw only Rs. 500 per month. The discussion on the resolution was postponed till Monday.—A. P.

"WITHDRAW THOSE ORDINANCES"

Why Ignore Central Legislature?

NEW DELHI, Oct. 7.

A resolution tabled by Sir Muhammad Yamin Khan for discussion in the November session of the Central Assembly recommends to the Governor-General-in-Council to convey to the Governor General the views of the Assembly that it does not esteem the action of those officials who advised him to issue ordinances under the power conferred by the Section 72 of the Government of India Act as that advice amounts to deliberately ignoring the Central Legislature and convey to His Excellency the request of the Assembly to withdraw these ordinances and place them before the Assembly for taking them into consideration and scrutinizing the provisions contained therein.—United Press.

KOLHAPUR, Oct. 7.: A motion requesting the Darbar to appoint a Committee to reform the Constitution of the Kolhapur Legislative Assembly was passed in the Kolhapur State Assembly today.—A. P.

LEAGUE OF ARAB COUNTRIES?

Nahas Pasha On Alexandria Conference Decisions

ALEXANDRIA Oct. 8: The Preparatory Committee to the General Arab Congress after meeting for a fortnight has decided to set up a league of independent Arab countries to foster co-operation between them and safeguard their independence and integrity against all aggression.

This was announced last night by the Egyptian Premier, Nahas Pasha who also said the committee stands by the rights of Arabs in Palestine and the British policy to stop Jewish immigration into the country.

The independence of Lebanon within present frontiers was also confirmed by the Committee which signed the protocol here to-night.—

SIGNATORIES TO PROTOCOL

The Protocol signed by Egypt, Iraq, Syria, Lebanon and Transjordan says, the League of Arab Countries will be constituted by dependent Arab's States which desire to be members thereof and will have a Council within which member countries will be represented on an equal footing.

Regarding Palestine, the Protocol says, the Committee considers that Palestine constitutes one of the important elements of Arab countries and that the rights of Arabs could not be harmed without danger to the peace and stability of the Arab world. Furthermore, the Committee considers the engagements taken by Great Britain which involve the stopping of Jewish immigration, the safeguard of lands belonging to Arabs and the progress of Palestine towards independence constitute so many acquired rights for Arabs, and that the putting into force of them would be a step towards the goal aimed at.

The committee proclaims its support for the cause of Palestine for the realisation of its legitimate rights and the safeguard of its just rights. It states: "it fully sympathises with the sufferings of Jews in Europe, but one must not mistake the case of these Jews for Zion, for nothing would be more arbitrary and more unfair than to try to settle the problem of Europe's Jews by another injustice, the victims of which would be the Arabs of Palestine whatever their religion."—Reuter.

LEICESTER, Oct. 7.

The Minister of Labour, Mr. Ernest Bevin, referring to yesterday's House of Commons' debate on the Town and Country Planning Bill, told a reporter at Leicester today: "There was difference of opinion but I never threatened to resign and I am not resigning, having made an agreement I expected it to be honoured."—Reuter.

PARADOX OF SANCTIONS

Indian Govt. Helps South Africa By Its Gold Sales Policy

POONA, Oct. 7.

"Far from imposing trade sanctions, the Government of India is helping the South African Government to obtain the highest prices for its gold through the Reserve Bank," said Mr. Mohmed A. Jadwat, in an exclusive interview to the Orient Press.

Mr. Jadwat pointed out that according to the present arrangement South Africa scores both ways in that she sells her gold at prices far above the world parity and buys her textiles in India at controlled rates which are 40 per cent below the last year's peak prices.

Refering to the relation between the Whites and Indians in South Africa, Mr. Jadwat stated that a wave of anti-Indian agitation was sweeping South Africa which was being whipped up by the pro-British Dominion Party—a Party formed to keep South Africa within the British Commonwealth and uphold British traditions.

Mr. Jadwat further declared that with the best of intentions it was impossible for Dr. Khare to carry out the mandates of the Legislature to impose trade sanctions or to adopt any type of retaliatory measures with the Government as presently constituted. Dr. Khare could not override the behests of the Viceroy or the White Hall. Because of the impotency of the Government of India to assert herself and protect the rights of the nationals, the Natal Indian Congress had agreed to the Pretoria Pact as a "lesser evil" than the Pegging Act.—(O.P.)

Tara Singh Explains

NEW DELHI, Oct. 7.

Master Tara Singh the Akali leader, has issued the following statement to the press:

"Sardar Sarmukh Singh Jhabai says that I had received the reply to my letter from Mahatma Gandhi, before I gave my letter to the press. This is quite wrong. I received the reply after I had handed over my letter to the press, and I had explained it in Amritsar at the Sikh Panthic gathering of August 20. Moreover, Mahatma Gandhi's reply was marked as "personal." This I also explained in the meeting. Now, when the reply has been published, I am free to point out that Gandhiji simply ignored my request to the effect that he might see Sikh representatives before seeing Mr. Jinnah, although his interview with Mr. Jinnah was postponed for several days."—A. P.

ASSAM LEAGUE CANDIDATE

NEW DELHI, Oct. 7: Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan announces that the Central Parliamentary Board of the All-India Muslim League has nominated Diwan Abdul Basit Chowdhury, Secretary of the Assam Provincial Muslim League as the Muslim League candidate in the by-election to the Central Legislative Assembly from the Assam Muhammadan Constituency.—A. P.

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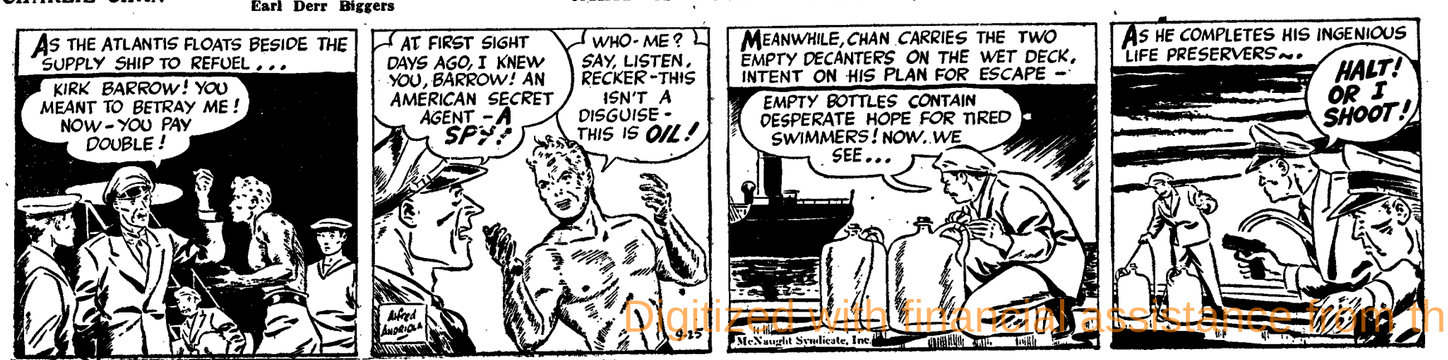
By ALFRED ANDRIOLA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Wanted for an Insurance Company of good standing, a Maharastrian Agency Supervisor to look after the Local Maharastrian organisation. No business guarantee. Persons with clean previous record, experience and education need apply. Salary above Rs. 100 according to merits. Apply to: Box No. 6246, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an experienced Chemist, capable of manufacturing Ammonium Chloride and Soda Silicate. Apply with minimum salary acceptable. Apply Box No. 6093, "Bombay Chronicle"

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Wanted a Christian Compounder. Apply personally Usha Clinic, Homji Street, opp. Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road. 6226

Wanted M.B.B.S. or L.C.P.S. Lady Doctor and experienced or passed Midwife for Seth Gordhandas Khetsey Maternity Hospital at Cutch Mandvi. Apply sharp with full particulars of age, nationality, experience and salary expected to Seth Chaturbhuj Vallabhdas Mankermi, 40—Manordas Street, Fort, Bombay. 6230

Applications are invited for full time Doctors with M.B.B.S. or higher qualifications with at least 5 years experience in the grade of Rs. 150-25-250-E.B.-25-400 plus war time dearness and other allowances and free quarters. Please apply to the Medical Officer, the Calico Mills, Ahmedabad. 536

Wanted Rate-Fixers with experience of mechanical estimating. Salary according to qualifications. Also good precision turners, machinists, mill wrights, boiler makers blacksmiths, coppersmiths and mechanical draughtsmen. Apply in person or by letter to the Manager, Labour Exchange, Government of India, Hassan Chambers, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. 534

Wanted B.Scs. or Diploma Holders in Science for supervising posts in Government Ordnance Factories. Apply in person or by letter to the Manager, Labour Exchange, Government of India, Hassan Chambers, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. 533

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PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THE INDORE MALWA UNITED MILLS, LIMITED.

ORIGINAL CERTIFICATE in respect of one share No. 2665 standing in the joint names of Mr. Hatim Badrudin Tyabji and Mrs. Maryam Hatim Tyabji is reported to have been lost or stolen. Any claim in respect of this share should be notified within two months from the date hereof to the Company's Registered Office at No. 139, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay or at the Mill Office, Indore, otherwise the duplicate certificate of the same will be issued.

Indore, 9th October 1944.

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527

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for sale of about 1,00,000 old gunny bags belonging to Government.

Tenders should reach the Assistant Food Controller (Accounts) Office of the Food Controller, Royal Institute of Science Building, Fort, Bombay not later than Thursday the 12th October 1944. The sample of gunny bags may be seen at the Prince of Wales Flour Mills' Godown at Duncan Road, Bombay.

The Assistant Food Controller (Accounts) does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

A. K. PATANKAR,
Assistant Food Controller (Accounts).

Bombay 3rd October, 1944.
478

G. I. P. RAILWAY

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

WITH EFFECT from 15th October, 1944, a fee of Rs. 5|- will be collected for each berth reserved in an air conditioned compartment more than seven days in advance. This fee will not be refunded in any circumstance if the advance reservation is cancelled or is not being availed of on the particular date. Every advance reservation must be confirmed seven days before the date of commencement of the journey, by purchasing the requisite rail ticket and paying the surcharge for air conditioned accommodation. Full credit for Rs. 5|- already collected will be allowed at the time of such confirmation. If a reservation is not confirmed as specified above (seven days prior to the date for commencement of journey), it will be treated as cancelled and, in that case, the advance fee collected will not be refunded.

(325)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts in the office of the Special Officer (Electric Grid), Bombay:—

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Candidates who are natives of the Province of Bombay and are within the age limit for entrance into Government service need apply. Those already in Government service should apply through their respective heads of office.

Applications giving full particulars, regarding age, domicile, educational qualifications and experience etc., should reach the Special Officer (Bombay Electric Grid), Old Custom House Yard, Bombay, on or before 23rd October, 1944.

(529)

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For your requirements of A. C. ceiling fans please refer to Beekay Engineering Co., Manufacturers of fans and motors 54, the Mall, Post Box No. 363, Lahore. 6248

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted immediately in bulk high quality only Tooth paste, Shaving cream, Hair oil, Face cream, Face snow, Face powder, Brilliantine and Sanitary towels Apply Box No. 6228 "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale:—One H. M. V. Refrigerator 1940 Model 5 cft. in perfect working order. Apply Royal & Co., Mahalaxmi Mansion, James Street, Secunderabad (Dn.) 6222

English Electric Bulbs at controlled price available on Tuesday Wednesday Thursday and Friday between 3 p.m.—5 p.m. G. K. Trading Co. 327 Hornby Road, Bombay. 523

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

WITH a view to assist Cottage workers and Small-Scale Industrialists of this Province in marketing their products Government has established Sales Depots in Bombay City, Belgaum, Nasik and Surat. All Cottage workers and Small-Scale Industrialists of the City of Bombay and the Province are hereby informed that if they desire to take advantage of the facilities offered by Government they are requested to see the Officers named below with the samples of goods manufactured by them together with a statement of prices or to send the samples with a price-list to the Officers concerned. Articles of utility and good design and workmanship only should be tendered:—

BOMBAY CITY CHIEF MARKETING OFFICER or DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES	Bombay Industries Department, Cottage and Small-Scale Industries Sales Depot, Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort. BOMBAY. OR Office of the Director of Industries, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, BOMBAY.
BELGAUM AREA District Industrial Officer,	V. V. Chavan's Bungalow, BELGAUM.
SURAT AREA District Industrial Officer,	Daria Mahal, opp. Municipal Office Building, SURAT.
NASIK AREA District Industrial Officer,	Mr. Vaidya's Building, 42, Main Road, NASIK.

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APPLICATIONS.

FOR VACANCIES OF INSPECTORS of Government Grain Shops in Bombay and Bombay Suburban District are invited by the Controller of Government Grain Shops, Council Hall, Bombay.

SALARY: Rs. 100|- in the grade of Rs. 100-5-125, plus dearness allowance of Rs. 18 p.m.

QUALIFICATIONS: Graduates, preferably with commercial experience.

DOMICILE: Bombay Province or States included in the Bombay Government Recruitment Rules.

Last date of receipt of applications 16th October, 1944.

(532)

NOTICE TO SPECIAL JURORS.

MEMBERS of the SPECIAL JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court, on MONDAY, the 9th October, 1944, at 10-45 A. M. (S.T.).

SHANTIDAS ASKURAN,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 7th October, 1944.
(530)

NOTICE

Finance Department (Supply), Bombay Castle, 5th October 1944.

ORDERS

No. 342—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that no person shall bring into the limits of the City of Bombay by road, rail or sea any quantity of kerosene oil without a licence issued by the Director of Civil Supplies, the Assistant Director of Civil Supplies, the Licensing Officer in the Office of the Supply Commissioner, Bombay, or where the second proviso hereinafter appearing applies a Rationing Officer. PROVIDED THAT—

(i) such licence shall not be required in respect of kerosene oil covered by Military Credit Notes, or brought into the said limits by or on behalf of Government, or by the Burmah Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Company of India Limited, the Indo-Burma Petroleum Company Limited, the Standard Vacuum Oil Company, or Caltex (India) Limited or kerosene oil brought into the said limits in quantities not exceeding 1|8th of a gallon in lanterns carried on a conveyance or by a railway employee in the course of his duty entering the said limits; and

(ii) in respect of quantities not exceeding a month's ration such licence shall be granted against the cancellation of the appropriate coupons of the kerosene ration card available for lawful use within the limits of the said City in the month of the issue of the licence.

No. 342 (a)—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and, in partial supersession of Government Order issued in Government Notification in the General Department, No. 36|2, dated the 10th July 1942, in so far as it relates to the City of Bombay, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that no person shall remove kerosene oil from within the limits of the City of Bombay by road, rail or sea, to any place in India outside the said limits except under and in accordance with a licence issued by the Director of Civil Supplies, Assistant Director of Civil Supplies, or the Licensing Officer in the Office of the Supply Commissioner, Bombay.

PROVIDED THAT such licence shall not be required for the removal of kerosene oil covered by Military Credit Notes, or by or on behalf of Government, the Burmah Shell Oil Storage and Distribution Company of India, Limited, the Indo-Burma Petroleum Company, Limited, the Standard Vacuum Oil Company, or Caltex (India), Limited or the removal of kerosene oil in quantities not exceeding 1|8th of a gallon in lanterns carried on a conveyance or by a railway employee in the course of his duty leaving the said limits.

By Order of the Governor of Bombay,
A. D. GORWALA,
Secretary to Government.
453

THE MANMAR MFG. CO. LTD.

NOTICE.

62ND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the company will be held at 3-30 p. m. (New S. T.) on Friday 3-11-44 at Co.'s registered office, Devkaran Nanji Bldgs. 17, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay to transact the business stated in the notice posted.

TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 21-10-44 to 3-11-44 both days inclusive.

MAGANLAL D. KHAKHAR,
Chairman.
(525)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 504 of 1943

Messrs. KRISHNAJI BHARMALJI & Co. .. Plaintiffs.
Vs.
(1) Bai BACHIBAI VITHALDAS, and (2) NAROTAM KHIMJI PURSHOTAM .. Defendants.

To,
NAROTAM KHIMJI PURSHOTAM,
2nd Defendant abovenamed

THE PLAINTIFFS have instituted this suit against you and Bai Bachibai Vithaldas for Rs. 4,000|- and interest due to them under the Promissory Note dated the 23rd April, 1940, executed in their favour and costs of the suit. You are summoned to enter your Appearance within 10 days, in default after expiration of 10 days, Plaintiffs will be entitled for a Decree accordingly against you and Bai Bachibai. If you enter your appearance Plaintiffs will serve upon you a Summons for Judgment at the hearing of which on your satisfying to Court by affidavit or otherwise that you have a defence to the suit, the Court will allow you to defend the suit.

Dated this 14th day of April, 1943.

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR,
For Prothonotary &
Senior Master.
Messrs. MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
526

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HABIBBHAI HOOSEINBHAI and Mrs. KHAIRUNISSA HOOSEINBHAI, of Bombay and Calcutta Khoja Mohamedan Inhabitants have contracted for the absolute sale to our client of the undermentioned property. All persons having or claiming any right title interest whatsoever into or upon the said property or any part thereof are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their address at No. 134, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the claim, if any, shall be considered as waived.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

Fazandari land with the buildings thereon, situate at Dongri Street and Jail Road (Scuth Cross Lane) in the Registration Sub-District and Island of Bombay admeasuring about 180 square yards and bearing Laughton's Survey No. 3167, Cadastral Survey No. 1800 of Mandvi Division and Municipal B Ward Nos. 3074 and 3441 and Street Nos. 20 and 7 and bounded on the East by Dongri Street on the West by Jail Road, South Cross Lane, on the North by the property of Muncherji Framji and on the South by the property belonging to the Trustees of Bombay Deshasta Maratha Samaj (Temple).

SUNKERSETT & VAIDYA,
Attorneys for the Purchaser.
Date: 5th October, 1944.
(531)

AUCTION SALES

Under instructions from the Insurance Co. concerned M|s BENNETT & CO. will sell by public auction on Thursday the 12th October '44 at 3-30 P. M. (N.S.T.) the undermentioned lying at Carnac Bunder, plot No. 27 M|s Teju Kaya Godown No. 2.

1 Big lot salvaged 515 Package Newsprint papers, Kraft papers, a|c bock papers Strawboards etc. (all damaged by fire and water).

Terms—Cash.

BENNETT & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 1250 of 1939

HAMBIRRAO BALAJI KALE and Others .... Paintiffs.
Versus
DATTATRAYA BAYAJI KALE and Others .. Defendants.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the immovabe properties situate at Delisle Road, Bombay will be sold in one lot by the Commissioner High Court, Bombay at the site of the properties at 4-30 P.M. Standard Time on Wednesday the 11th October 1944 as advertised in "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Bombay Samachar" on 16th September and 23rd September, 1944, respectively.

Dated this 5th day of October, 1944.

(Sd.) ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.
528

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai YEMNABAI, widow of Usman Haji Suleman Darwesh the Sole Trustee of the Declaration of Settlement (wakf), dated 18th September, 1942, has agreed to sell the property described hereunder written free from all encumbrances to our client. Any person having or claiming any interest or right in to or in respect of the same by way of mortgage, charge, gift, lease, lien agreement, succession, possession, maintenance, residence, attachment, easement or otherwise howsoever is required to give notice of such interest or right to the undersigned at 14, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the publication of this notice, failing which the sale shall be completed and he she or they shall be deemed to have waived such interest or right in to or in respect of the said property.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land bearing Municipal plot No. 184 situate at Lady Jamshedji Road, Mahim, admeasuring about 735.60 square yards bearing New Survey Nos. 1485 and 1486 (parts) and Cadastral Survey No. 1898 of Mahim Division together with the building standing thereon known as 'Makki Darvesh', bearing Municipal G Ward No. 4880 (2) and Street Nos. 146 etc. and bounded—East—Lady Jamshedji Road; West—Plot No. 125; North—Plot No. 183; and South—partly by Plot No. 185 D and partly by Plot No. 185 B.

Dated this 6th day of October, 1944.

DIVEKAR & CO.,
Purchaser's Attoneys.
524

AUCTION SALES

MENESSE & CO. will sell by public auction on MONDAY the 9th instant at 3 p. m. (S.T.) on account of the Insurance Offices concerned at the Seksaria Cotton Mills, DeLisle Road a large quantity of different kinds of damaged cotton waste.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT CLIVE ST., BOMBAY.

By order of Messrs. LITTLE & CO., Solicitors, Attorneys for Mr. Rustomji Pestonji Nadirshaw the Administrator of the estate of late Mr. Cowasji Sorabji Minibeck, we will sell by Auction on Wednesday 11th October 1944, at 5-15 p.m. (N.S.T.), on site, land admeasuring about 375 sq. yards with the building thereon situate at Clive 3rd and 4th Cross Lanes on the Elphinstone Estate of the Bombay Port Trust Street Nos. 8-9-10-11-13, Ward No. 5299, Cadastral Survey No. 152 (Prince's Dock Division).

CRAWFORD & CO.

Malaria or Fever Victim?

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NU-QUININE

(Purely Herbal-Guaranteed Harmless)
CERTIFIED BY DOCTORS

Temperature drops to normal with 6 tablets only. One tube for complete cure. Price Rs. 1/12 only.

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Tea Time— In a Bengali Home

There is a charm in the austere simplicity of the Bengali home, true to the tradition of poets and philosophers.

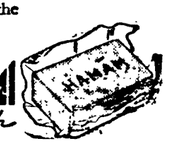
When the toil of the day is over, a dish of tea furnishes the accompaniment to the day's gossip; silently the lady of the house pours tea from a simple teapot and serves milk and sugar to suit the individual taste. Arguments are punctuated by sips of tea from saucer, cup or glass.

Here as elsewhere in India, Brooke Bond fresh teas are in demand.

Brooke Bond

"Two Leaves and a Bud"

IN the second century B.C. bathing was an important ceremony, to be enjoyed at leisure. Gracefully reclining on a stone couch, the royal lady is attended by maids, who perhaps use *rita* nuts soaked in water to obtain a cleansing lather. Today, a better and more convenient method is available to all in HAMAM SOAP, whose fragrant, foamy lather cleans deep into the pores, refreshes and invigorates.



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The Big Soap for your Bath

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Churchgate Street, Bombay

REWARD Rs. 500

World's Greatest Herbal Invention of the 20th Century
A wonder of the wonders. A boon for ladies and gents

Hair-Kill Lotion

Daily Shave, no longer a necessity. Throw away your razors.

The lotion is absolutely harmless and without any after effects. It has the rare property of removing the hair from the roots leaving the skin soft, smooth and velvety. People of both sexes use HAIR-KILL LOTION throughout India and Ceylon and highly speak of its miraculous results. To make it popular it is priced at Rs. 3 packing and postage extra. A cash reward of Rs. 500 would be offered to any public man who proves the ingenuineness of the testimonials. Order now lest you be disappointed.

IMPERIAL CHAMBER OF SCIENCE, P.B. 61, (B.C.B.) LAHORE.

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